

Dr. Clark No 24^A



~~MA 11.4~~
~~RS 4.3~~

GIFT OF

Dr. Russel Clark Paris

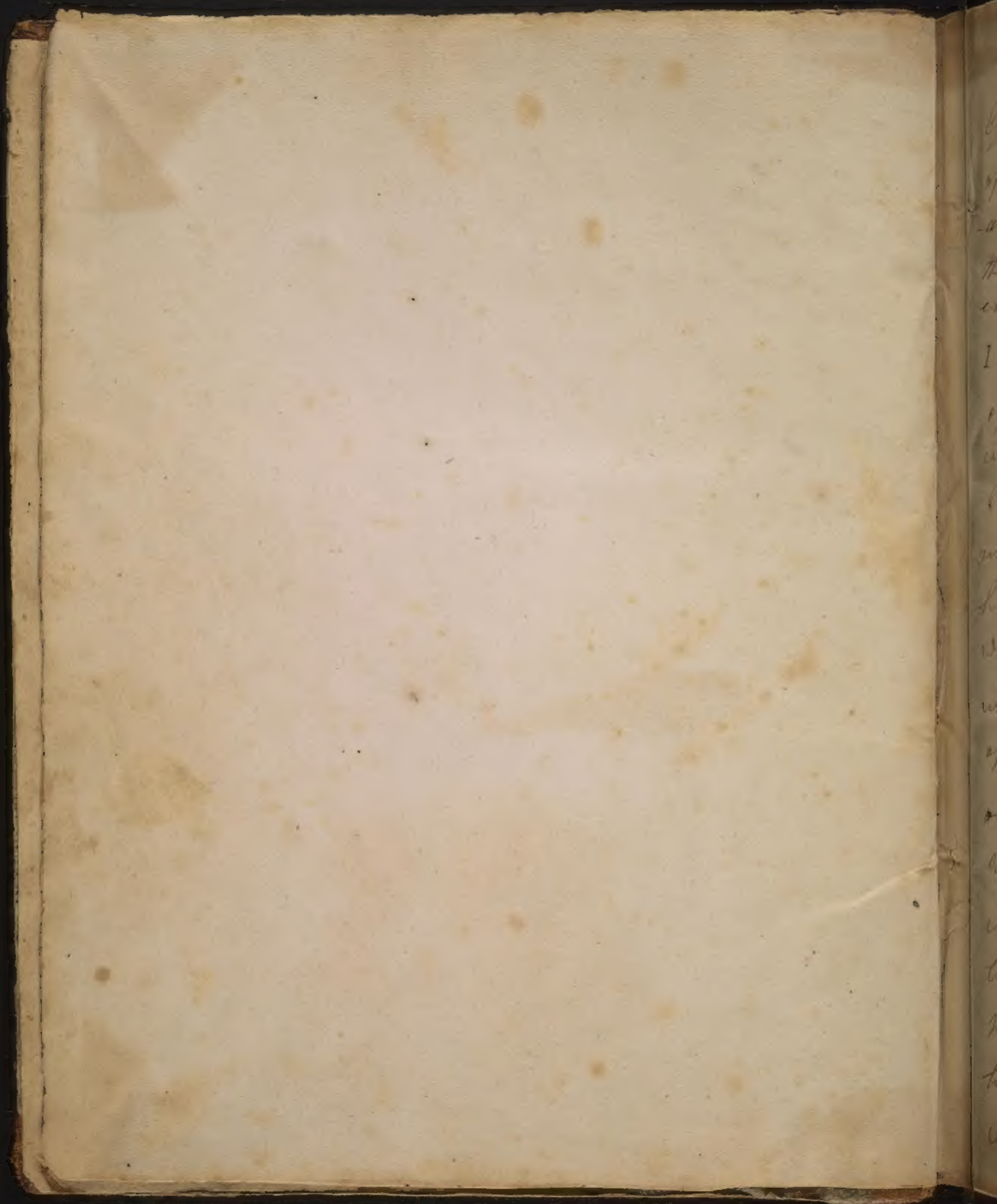
ms. coll 225

Item 11

v. 1







Lecture 11th

Next - At our last Lecture I divided the Faculties of the mind into Memory Imagination understanding and will - Papias & Moral Faculties the last are subdivided into Sense of Duty Conscience and Moral Faculty strictly so called -

1 Memory is one of the most wonderful faculties of the mental Faculties, without it the others are useless - Dr. Reid very justly observes if the Phenomena of memory were not so familiar to us we should be as much at a loss to comprehend how it were capable for us to know the events which arrived 20 years ago, as it now is for us to conceive of Prescience one the attributes of Duty - Memory is of two kinds ^{or} ^{or} ^{or} active and retentive. The latter characterizes the mere scholar and the man of genius possesses both - Memory commences at a very early period of our life - Shake Speare the Philosopher of Nature shows its origin at about the third year - hence in his tempest he makes Prospero ask his daughter Miranda who was cast on the Enchanted Island

M 610.4

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v 2

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at 3 years of age whether she recollects any thing
of her native Country -

" By what? by any other house or Person
of any thing the Image - tell me
That hath kept in thy remembrance -

Rush, Benjamin, 1745-1813

11. 29. 9. Dr. Russel Clark Paris

This faculty is very much excited in the first years
of life - Infants have much to acquire in
their first years - they learn not only a lan-
guage consisting of an immense number of
words - but also the Ideas which these words
convey and the things of which they are the names
Hence Dr. Gregory very happily and truly
asserts that a child acquires more knowledge in
the first 3 years of its life than in 30 years after
words - memory distinguishes the Philosopher from
the mere learned man - Civilization has a
powerful influence on this faculty - Indians
for Instance possess it in a very limited degree -
their method of treating with their enemies shows
us an example of this limited memory - they
arrange their duties in a row when they are to hear
a speech or treaty read so close that they can
touch each other - when one of them has
heard as ~~much~~ as a few words as many as

[Faint, illegible handwritten text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]

The first thing I noticed when I stepped
 out of the car was a most amazing memory
 for me. I had heard of 100,000 men
 and all I saw was a lot of people
 in a room - all of them were for me
 and I was the only one who was
 a most

27



Jan 10 1880 7 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

[Faint, illegible handwriting]

26. *... ..*

of the Librarian

with a philosopher from a man of

Learning - der Herr hat mich gelehrt

...all the ...

... ..

1870

[Faint handwritten notes at the bottom of the page]

1850

... and by

[Faint handwritten notes at the bottom of the page]

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30. 31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46. 47. 48. 49. 50. 51. 52. 53. 54. 55. 56. 57. 58. 59. 60. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 66. 67. 68. 69. 70. 71. 72. 73. 74. 75. 76. 77. 78. 79. 80. 81. 82. 83. 84. 85. 86. 87. 88. 89. 90. 91. 92. 93. 94. 95. 96. 97. 98. 99. 100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108. 109. 110. 111. 112. 113. 114. 115. 116. 117. 118. 119. 120. 121. 122. 123. 124. 125. 126. 127. 128. 129. 130. 131. 132. 133. 134. 135. 136. 137. 138. 139. 140. 141. 142. 143. 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150. 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 165. 166. 167. 168. 169. 170. 171. 172. 173. 174. 175. 176. 177. 178. 179. 180. 181. 182. 183. 184. 185. 186. 187. 188. 189. 190. 191. 192. 193. 194. 195. 196. 197. 198. 199. 200. 201. 202. 203. 204. 205. 206. 207. 208. 209. 210. 211. 212. 213. 214. 215. 216. 217. 218. 219. 220. 221. 222. 223. 224. 225. 226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240. 241. 242. 243. 244. 245. 246. 247. 248. 249. 250. 251. 252. 253. 254. 255. 256. 257. 258. 259. 260. 261. 262. 263. 264. 265. 266. 267. 268. 269. 270. 271. 272. 273. 274. 275. 276. 277. 278. 279. 280. 281. 282. 283. 284. 285. 286. 287. 288. 289. 290. 291. 292. 293. 294. 295. 296. 297. 298. 299. 300. 301. 302. 303. 304. 305. 306. 307. 308. 309. 310. 311. 312. 313. 314. 315. 316. 317. 318. 319. 320. 321. 322. 323. 324. 325. 326. 327. 328. 329. 330. 331. 332. 333. 334. 335. 336. 337. 338. 339. 340. 341. 342. 343. 344. 345. 346. 347. 348. 349. 350. 351. 352. 353. 354. 355. 356. 357. 358. 359. 360. 361. 362. 363. 364. 365. 366. 367. 368. 369. 370. 371. 372. 373. 374. 375. 376. 377. 378. 379. 380. 381. 382. 383. 384. 385. 386. 387. 388. 389. 390. 391. 392. 393. 394. 395. 396. 397. 398. 399. 400. 401. 402. 403. 404. 405. 406. 407. 408. 409. 410. 411. 412. 413. 414. 415. 416. 417. 418. 419. 420. 421. 422. 423. 424. 425. 426. 427. 428. 429. 430. 431. 432. 433. 434. 435. 436. 437. 438. 439. 440. 441. 442. 443. 444. 445. 446. 447. 448. 449. 450. 451. 452. 453. 454. 455. 456. 457. 458. 459. 460. 461. 462. 463. 464. 465. 466. 467. 468. 469. 470. 471. 472. 473. 474. 475. 476. 477. 478. 479. 480. 481. 482. 483. 484. 485. 486. 487. 488. 489. 490. 491. 492. 493. 494. 495. 496. 497. 498. 499. 500. 501. 502. 503. 504. 505. 506. 507. 508. 509. 510. 511. 512. 513. 514. 515. 516. 517. 518. 519. 520. 521. 522. 523. 524. 525. 526. 527. 528. 529. 530. 531. 532. 533. 534. 535. 536. 537. 538. 539. 540. 541. 542. 543. 544. 545. 546. 547. 548. 549. 550. 551. 552. 553. 554. 555. 556. 557. 558. 559. 560. 561. 562. 563. 564. 565. 566. 567. 568. 569. 570. 571. 572. 573. 574. 575. 576. 577. 578. 579. 580. 581. 582. 583. 584. 585. 586. 587. 588. 589. 590. 591. 592. 593. 594. 595. 596. 597. 598. 599. 600. 601. 602. 603. 604. 605. 606. 607. 608. 609. 610. 611. 612. 613. 614. 615. 616. 617. 618. 619. 620. 621. 622. 623. 624. 625. 626. 627. 628. 629. 630. 631. 632. 633. 634. 635. 636. 637. 638. 639. 640. 641. 642. 643. 644. 645. 646. 647. 648. 649. 650. 651. 652. 653. 654. 655. 656. 657. 658. 659. 660. 661. 662. 663. 664. 665. 666. 667. 668. 669. 670. 671. 672. 673. 674. 675. 676. 677. 678. 679. 680. 681. 682. 683. 684. 685. 686. 687. 688. 689. 690. 691. 692. 693. 694. 695. 696. 697. 698. 699. 700. 701. 702. 703. 704. 705. 706. 707. 708. 709. 710. 711. 712. 713. 714. 715. 716. 717. 718. 719. 720. 721. 722. 723. 724. 725. 726. 727. 728. 729. 730. 731. 732. 733. 734. 735. 736. 737. 738. 739. 740. 741. 742. 743. 744. 745. 746. 747. 748. 749. 750. 751. 752. 753. 754. 755. 756. 757. 758. 759. 760. 761. 762. 763. 764. 765. 766. 767. 768. 769. 770. 771. 772. 773. 774. 775. 776. 777. 778. 779. 780. 781. 782. 783. 784. 785. 786. 787. 788. 789. 790. 791. 792. 793. 794. 795. 796. 797. 798. 799. 800. 801. 802. 803. 804. 805. 806. 807. 808. 809. 810. 811. 812. 813. 814. 815. 816. 817. 818. 819. 820. 821. 822. 823. 824. 825. 826. 827. 828. 829. 830. 831. 832. 833. 834. 835. 836. 837. 838. 839. 840. 84

[Faint handwritten notes at the bottom of the page]

1. *... as of ...* *... ..*

a. *Scal. a. parvifl.* - *Scal. a. parvifl.*

1890

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1892

1871

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... a large house of ...

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[illegible]

1. The first part of the document is a list of names and dates, which appears to be a record of some kind. The names are written in a cursive script, and the dates are in a more formal, printed style. The list is organized into two columns, with names on the left and dates on the right.

The first of these is the fact that the
 heart is a muscle, and as such it is
 subject to the same laws as all other
 muscles. It is therefore liable to
 fatigue, and to the same extent as
 other muscles it is liable to be
 affected by disease. The heart is
 also liable to be affected by
 the same diseases as the lungs,
 and it is therefore liable to be
 affected by the same diseases as the
 lungs. The heart is also liable to
 be affected by the same diseases as
 the lungs. The heart is also liable
 to be affected by the same diseases
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 diseases as the lungs. The heart
 is also liable to be affected by the
 same diseases as the lungs. The
 heart is also liable to be affected
 by the same diseases as the lungs.

one of our most important members
of our moral families. But we must
not be misled by the fact of his
position as a member of our
moral family. It is the case of
all those who are in the habit of
meeting together - we must be true
to our own consciences. We
must be true to our own consciences
and to the principles of our
moral families. We must be true
to our consciences and to the
principles of our moral families.
We must be true to our consciences
and to the principles of our moral
families. We must be true to our
consciences and to the principles of
our moral families. We must be true
to our consciences and to the
principles of our moral families.

I have been thinking of writing you for some time but have been so busy that I could not find time. I have been very busy with the all-nighter, but will not leave home without a word to you. I am very well and hope you are the same. I am very much interested in the all-nighter and hope you will be able to do it. I am very much interested in the all-nighter and hope you will be able to do it. I am very much interested in the all-nighter and hope you will be able to do it.

[illegible]

[illegible]

a. Things have a life, a heat, a soul of
 32 and the imagination is different at different
 times of the day & things are different
 & even things are not the same in the
 same place & such as as I am - I am in
 a different context of meaning - impact
 & all this for I can see more in the
 world than words can give a name!

In Human Knowledge into two kinds, 1st
 Ideas of sensible substances 2^d A mixture
 of motion and Idea which is what Mr. Brew-
 ster calls *Phenomena* or *Images* - Ideas are then formed
 of some motion in the brain as well as for-
 mation a mixture of this motion constitutes
 motion or operation.

2. Perception is a combination of memory
and sensation. We have a perception of the
tomorrow of looking at the sun
in a memory of having before both are excited
at the same time and association
is made - This also is the case with
the sense of the past. The sense of the
past is a result of the sensation of the
past of a sense. The sense of the past is a
result of the sensation of the past.

ing the name of manuscript

an old man of 70 years of age, without
feeling the least inclination to

1871

... ..

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to the study of the asymptotic behavior of the solutions of the system (1) as $\epsilon \rightarrow 0$. It is shown that the solutions of the system (1) converge to the solutions of the system (2) in the sense of the weak convergence in the space $L^2(\Omega; \mathbb{R}^n)$.

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1890

1890

1890

1875

21. 10. 1921

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[illegible]



8th Similar sound recall Ideas - Thus the ships
are melancholly when they hear a certain tone
Piped (as it recalls the ideas of Port Sarras -)
and 9th words are remarkable articles of assoc-
iation exists between words - if I rec for instance
the first line of a ^{Poem} I am able to repeat all
the subsequent ~~ones~~ - Some persons from Spanish
are strangely affected at the pronunciation of certain
words - I knew a gentleman who had formerly
been at the terrible Earth quake at Lisbon who
was seized with great horror at the Pronunciation
of the word Earth quake the word blood had a
similar influence on an Englishman gentleman at
Liverpool he was seized with a fainting when ever
it was pronounced - one time in particular
being invited to dine out with a party of 8th
among whom was a Colonel Sartton a hero during
the revolutionary war - after dinner in the course of
conversation, Col. Sartton asked about an engagement
in which he was concerned (the French army) against
mentioning this word he unfortunately observed there
was much blood shed there - The gentle instantly fell
back from his chair and fainted - a boy was
affected in like manner at the Pronunciation of the word
Lions as he associated that word with the tale of a

most dreadful thunder storm coming when
he heard his mother pronounce that awful
word, at the moment she was struck with
lightning - 10th words which have no im-
mediate concern with the Doctr or event and yet
resemble it in some particularities - thus a
Person who formerly lived in this City by the
name of Alexander Alexander was sought after by
a man who forgot his name he asked a man
and asked him if he knew a person such as he
described - but whose name he forgot "it was
something like Point no Point," the man instantly
recalled Alexander, Alexander who ever
after went by the name of Point no Point
11th Certain degrees of heat & cold, or temp-
erature exert an influence on operation -
thus the first warm day in winter gives us an
idea of Spring and all its enjoyments - This is
a most pleasing sensation I have excited it a
hundred times 12th Custom has a pow-
erful influence - 13th interest. The miser
never forgets the place where he deposits his
money -

3rd Judgment, man is desired a continued
and constant exercise of understanding and
memory

memory. Perhaps the word combination would
apply more properly it consists in making and
one simple pronunciation from two or more
Ideas acquired either by association or directly from
the memory, for example if I am called to see
a Patient in a Jail or board a prison ship
and if I find him laboring under Cr. planus who
number more of his companions have in common with
him & if I suppose the disease in all proceeds from
the same cause. Contagion this I say is an act of
Judgment. The Ideas excited in my mind are such as
to make me suppose contagion to be the cause I
exert my Judgment in this case - a Difference
however between reason & Judgment may be defined

An instance of ~~the Judgment may be defined~~ first
as I just observed occurs ~~however~~ from two or more
Ideas

the

[illegible]

The first of these is the fact that the
 human mind is not a blank slate at birth.
 It is filled with ideas and impressions
 from the world around it. These ideas
 are the result of the senses and the
 mind's power to combine them into
 new concepts. The second is the fact
 that the mind is not a passive receiver
 of information. It is an active
 participant in the process of learning.
 It selects what to learn and how to
 learn it. The third is the fact that
 the mind is not a single entity. It is
 composed of many different parts, each
 with its own functions. These parts
 are the result of the brain's complex
 structure and the way it processes
 information. The fourth is the fact
 that the mind is not a fixed entity.
 It is constantly changing and growing.
 It is shaped by the experiences of
 life and the choices we make. The
 fifth is the fact that the mind is not
 a separate entity from the body. It is
 an integral part of the whole. The
 mind and body are inseparable and
 work together to create the human
 experience.

[illegible]

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Part

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The first of these is the
 fact that the system is
 not a simple one, but a
 complex one, involving
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 The second is that the
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 The third is that the
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 The fourth is that the
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 The eighth is that the
 system is not a simple one,
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 The ninth is that the
 system is not a simple one,
 but a complex one, involving
 many different factors.
 The tenth is that the
 system is not a simple one,
 but a complex one, involving
 many different factors.

I have been thinking of you a great deal lately
 and wondering how you are getting on. I hope
 you are well and happy. I have been very busy
 lately, but I have managed to find some time
 to write to you. I have been thinking of you
 a great deal lately, and wondering how you are
 getting on. I hope you are well and happy. I
 have been very busy lately, but I have managed
 to find some time to write to you. I have been
 thinking of you a great deal lately, and wonder-
 ing how you are getting on. I hope you are well
 and happy. I have been very busy lately, but I
 have managed to find some time to write to you.

[illegible]

[illegible]

The more we are informed of the human
 faculties of the senses and mind, the more
 we are enabled to see how they are
 mean in the exercise of them. There is
 no such thing as a perfect sense. It is
 as no less a fact in many cases. The desire
 of death is a very common expression but is
 not always a just one. Pain does not
 always accompany the extinction of life —
 Pain can be a shock —

The late Doctor William Hunter in his will
made a bequest in following words to a friend of his
Lieut. Col. which I have a few lines to I am sure
with the I might describe my feelings are
not pleasant I think it is to die I have at

See the bill on the 4th of March 1791 at
Saint Louis' report, except that, because of
the

the meal on food at all times
and the most pleasant — The most
many many gruel to the taste of the
small unpleasant — The reason that most
of the same will become pleasant by habituation
because it — There is also in Spain the great
or corn, which becomes pleasant — There is
the Patrician or the peasant is not at all
natives of that country — There is the
of the Spaniards of Sicily and a large number
of them — There is also in Spain sometimes
reason for it is with a *spice* —

To relate the simple effects of taste would
require a volume — not to mention their effects
varieties when combined — the combination
of acid materials as vinegar, &c. and
condiments in some measure to stimulate the
appetite when it begins to flag — and also to increase
the pleasure of taste — by increasing the sensibility
of the tongue (its papillae) — The Chinese
it is said sometimes do this by taking the
brushes before attempts to eat —

The art is now a science — It is now that
the art is now a science — It is now that

[illegible]

(- 13⁴²)

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

101
I have - I have, I have, I have
at the end of a balloon into the higher regions of
the air - a continuation of water & motion in
space & no vacuum as usual in sailing at distant
points. All vapors have these monochlorides as a
stay on a moist head - what can be more
sublime than the sight of a sea agitated in
frenzied motion on the shore? -

With content and much to the pleasure of
the mind. I have been told that the "Garden
in the City" should be a whole "regard" but in a
city it is a shame - Mr. Kinnick's and
others in general fascinate me when in
his city that the sight of green leaf gave him
the greatest pleasure he had experienced from any
thing in any object immediately after he was set
adrift from a confinement of two years in a
cell at Petersburg where he found nothing
but the black walls of his prison for that
space of time - I shall conclude this subject
with a few lines from the great

[illegible]





all were intended to pre-eminence in God
being universal in relation to all men without
exception - the light of the sun is the same degree
of constant comparison is - the same sea produces
nothing invariable - even we, who speak
of Paris - the same sea I think without
varying it - the record of musical history
could tell us of pleasure as - in a
new event this world has been a better - even
to the dream - must continue as has
been said about the equal right of man -
but for nature intended man to be an equal
in all respects & it is not in nature to sac-
rifice in the distribution of power he was created
been a creature of power - he was a being
of power & the use of power was given to him
with pleasure & with the ability of his to be a
being who is at the most a witness to love
the world & the world is a world of love
power demands a power of love & a power of love
is the power - the power of love is the power to
unite our souls & to be a power of love
is the power to be a power of love
but the power of love is a power of love
is the power of love & the power of love is the power
to be a power of love & the power of love is the power

I have been thinking of you a great deal lately
 and wondering how you are getting on. I hope
 you are well and happy. I have been very busy
 lately, but I always find time to think of my
 friends. I am sure you will be the same.
 I am sure you will be the same. I am sure
 you will be the same. I am sure you will be
 the same. I am sure you will be the same.

[illegible]



The minute Per. F. number
 is 622.

17
 1/2 p.m. It is not necessary to run to
 the place where the boat is - even the
 distance of 1/2 m. is a great one and the
 boat is not there - but it is of the
 same nature as the other - very greenish and
 at the same time very beautiful while the
 water is a little less in the boat.

(Faint handwritten notes)

[illegible]

[illegible]

' The near eyes to get me lying in
 " But when I returned next
 " I saw the terms all with a newish
 " Then the frontier is too distant -

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

we next intend to consider the State of Sleep
Sleep - We are disposed to consider of motion
in motion and thought - There 3 circumstan-
ces obtain in the Sleeping State of the per-
fect animal - 1st it is Sleep there is an
absence of sensation a 2^d it is Sleep there is
from to sensation what, next is to motion, &
darkness to light - which has in some respect
a tendency to Death - as it is attended with
an absence of sensation and motion - It
has no a tendency to life as the excitement
is increased by it and excitement equalized
Sleep occurs naturally when the System is ab-
oluted or reduced to what is known as the sleep-
ing point - called the sleeping point - called the point
that to consist in the collapse of the brain - the
system is in a state of equilibrium of exci-
tation & excitability takes place - and Sleep
occurs when the System is depressed
below the sleeping point - is when raised above
it - the system is in the greater or less degree of
excitation - we have been exposed to through the day
If we have been exposed to much fatigue we
find the excitement at the expense of excitability

and so on

and Sleep is necessary for the equilibrium of the
system as in the Sleeping point stimuli are
necessary to raise it to it as when strong tea is
if it be raised beyond the sleeping point it must
be reduced & it is necessary to be in
the state of equilibrium in the system of the
system in the ability to raise the system to the
state - The normal cause of the system is the
and into such as raise the system to the sleeping
point, and it is the sleeping point and
the system is in the state of the system
these two are as follows 1. Labor the system
such as you must all have experienced 2. The
main stimuli as elements - drinks, or wine, or
drinks of beer or coffee and other narcotics to
raise the system to that grade of activity in
which is the sleeping point 3. The system is in the
state of the system in the state of the system

3. By certain rays or sounds such as exist in the
cities of the heat after exposure to cold & the
Lava and the system of the system of the system
on an interesting subject - These and many
other things will occur & you may call

remotest causes of sleep in human nature
belonging to the great law as previous it is evident
is the stem to be sleeping point. This is
the abstraction of certain stimuli as sound
light vibration and muscular motion in
the head. 2nd Certain excitements of sleep.

3rd The least of these is the 3rd certain
excitement which is the least of all also the
least of all. This is the least of all. When
the imagination of the human spirit is the
action of pain - some persons sleep sound after
being released of a lot of the trouble also after
but with the ~~greatest~~ greatest. Persons
in constant thinking of some particular subject
some according to the report of Mr. Sherman
keeper of Newgate - the convicts always sleep
well the night before execution when they are
sentenced to Death - 1st certain who was
hanged in France wrote a letter to his wife a
few hours before his death informing her of
his having slept the whole of the preceding
night. Here again are constantly thinking
on the subject is a positive object -
these are the means of abstracting stimuli

When we are excited above a certain point - then
we act in a manner that is from a state of great
debility. The striking point is the extreme of
reaction during which the body and the
mind the moderate degree of stimulus. Drink - like
a warm tea coffee and the like. The mind must be
regulated as to quantity for too much will ruin the
system and the body. 3^d Certain points
to which we have been used - I have a well known
man who was unable to sleep without 20 or 30
cathartics at night - the harm of a well
known known to the mind. The mind is not
a continuous state - each is a separate but certain act
of the mind as looking on an interesting object
this may be repeated by repeating a name or look
and - 6th Light stimulus frequently causes
sleep and I think or none but it may be to induce
in mind changes. It is liable to be lost at
break of day or probably from some cause
in the mind of a man who is not used to it.

Let us next attend to the phenomena of the
mind and sleep. These have been the subject
of our next lecture.

or call - Hence in this the best thing is
in other places make their part that
in the night. When there more than
eight, in the morning when more than there
who in some in the time in the - the
then sleep in the morning again the day and
the "at the night" but not calls according
as the 2d one has - When there sleep a great
deal - 4 hours is 1 person in out of 24
in the night of course to sleep - it is said
in the night the hunters need a lot of
in the morning sleep and so need to be in 6 or
7 or 8 hours and never sleep more than 4 hours out
of the day the same course and sometimes the

When never during the winter part of the
year more than 4 hours per diem - the same
time the sleep is left and no danger of the
late part of the winter during the winter season
which between 4 and 5 hours in the morning
at the winter season ever a great sleep
a person who once slept with the sleep
under that in sleep more ^{in 4} hours than any other
person in the world in the winter season
in the winter - 7 or 8 hours is a winter

one hour - one is marked in such a way
that one hour is consumed at a moment
and an hour is less than a time a person
can be seen of Tenor 8th and the use
of the day is awake at the expiration of the
time and was unconscious that he had slept more
than a moment - after that the faculties of the
mind return to the influence of granula-
tion - the moral faculties rise to the top and
the civil appears last to the next part - we
are now under the influence of moral education
the person regains his attention and make a
barrier as it were with the moral faculties
The understanding in the morning is the brightest
because the fruits of morning studies are easily
remembered from here they shall be one night
later - Then we wake in the morning
we wash & stretch our limbs for the purpose
of improving the circulation of excitement and
excitability which is not yet complete - some people
have a custom of walking before breakfast and
the system is very weak or weak to get the
health and not to store it - the value is
to exercise till the food is eaten some

Something as a system is not much in the
morning. Hence we are not able to do in
the morning - the business is well acquainted
with the first house that strike their enemies
at first of war - and to remove the debt.
the real end in the morning for all - as
with a view to the most agreeable kind in all
dehloritiated air even in pervasion of vegetables
at the season of the year we are most in
of them the house - there than are
General phenomena of summer
the end of the art of baking (except those
the house at 10th & 11th road house is best
and some other extraordinary phenomena -

Dreams which occur in a regular fashion
or particular excitement on the mind or senses
the mind is a collection of the brain - in dreams
there is an imperfect imitation of the situation of
the mind - in some the memory is disturbed
while the imagination is in action - in some
dreams the local faculties are affected - we dream
of a dream of an entire scene of which we
have no idea - the dream is a series of
a dream from the general excitement
of the brain and quicker in lower grades
the blood is the

... it is not so well distinguished persons in our
society? answering to the imagination not active regular-
ly and without in aid of memory - more frequently
we see distinguished persons in time? answering to the fact
of the memory - for example we often dream
of an old friend and are with him in some pleasant
circumstances together without ever recollecting
that he has been dead some time - have differ-
ent in dreams are answers of right answers?
answering to the feeling of the moral character in
our nature the of moral obligation in our con-
science - is there not in dreams an abstraction of action
and action and action of the mind as one after another
these? I think not - it is strange that in the
dreams we see the fact - the fact appears as
if it were a mere reflection of the experience between
the mind and the world in the latter the actions of
the mind are more or less accompanied by some
of the actions of the world - we can not take leave in
dreams - dreams constantly upon an external
basis - the mind is not a mere reflection of the
also that of a well conducted - and almost every
kind of stimulus in fact will excite dreams -
a stimulus of the mind is a stimulus of the mind
the mind is not a mere reflection of the world -

some I heard on the 1st. I am sure it
is a very good thing to have -
I have heard of a young
lady who was the means of some excellent
work being done in her own school and in
the neighbourhood. She was at a well known school and was a
lady but the name of a school put into her hand
and she was given to her mother.
... (was the will paper here? p. 31) ... in my
dream? This is an important question
in it the state of the mind is concerned.
Lakewood is a little more than a dream to
me now at all. Mr. Locke has a dream
instance of persons who never dream
and I have known a lady in this city who
never had a dream in her life tho she was 30 or
40 - Mr. Locke the famous Pedestrian Traveler
told me that he never dreamt when he was
an vegetable ⁱⁿ garden but when he began to eat
meat he began to dream - Mr. Locke
says he does not believe we always dream
as we would think we that are without dream -
... I would go on
even now as we do believe that a dream is a
dream in the last report as that we always dream

It has been said that we forget some of our
dreams while in the operation of sleep. It
is not so correct - that we probably do not
forget any of our dreams while we are not
awake - according to Dr. Locke &
I think we have put together - the opinion
that we forget our dreams and to take
place in imagination or unequal action or
movement of the brain dreams occur
very frequently in the waking state - Dr. Locke
thinks sleep without dreaming.

We are able to make at any time in the
morning that we sleep - how can we explain
this fact? I believe it depends on the numerous
times we are awake but thinking so much about
it before we go to sleep - the mind remains
active while all the other faculties of the mind are
at rest. We know the power of recollection certain
dreams if we please but of others - but this is
not the exact position in which we are
regarding ourselves it is all an answer to ques-
tion and not a recollection of dreams we can say that
before we go to sleep we can say we are awake -
The action of the brain is sometimes
so great as to influence the motion of the limbs
before the person is awake - it is the same
as when we are awake.

understand of each other and such manner
of conversation will understanding be —

The Commonwealth - even recollects some of the
advice recommended in this - and not
the reason of this - because the force of the
constitution is not sufficient to rule the common
people - and from its situation that? —
The same things obtain in America - for
the people are not used to being a king or a
ruler and in any case will forget it entirely
if he be forced and if he release the same he
will return with a sense of a remarkable
guilt of his kind - he has been a
king for 20 years - a man of war he was
an admiral - and the people about him
so deep dark a veil - will the hand you
but the veil about at 16 - increased and
the notion of him - he was brought back in
with a veil and was again of Admiral
of the fleet it is probable that the people have
the same kind of recollection in our country
except that they are in the position of the
people of the East of the other Labor - The people in
the United States have having been intoxica-
ted by the people in a manner at a distance
called "Peyotism" by the natives of America

parts of - - - he was sent to the
under its influence but, and no recollection of his
being been in the case. - it is remarkable that
Lombardi never felt fatigue from any exertions
committed during that state that continued in
a state - it seems the existence of morbid
excitement in the brain - and the never

dream of reason was lost? Lombardi never seems
of the events of his life that it begins to de-
cline or else in the commencement of it. This
is because the exuberant stimulus of looking con-
stantly on the same subject during the war was
a great deal of excitement of the brain - (18)

Wittenham informs me that for 7 years he was
employed in the office with a large number of persons
of account of the fact that he was the best student of his
class in the morning and the last in the night
and that he never seems much to dream of his

dream which has been in the mind of the
the subject of international relations - it is the
the most distinctive of the mind of the mind
to be - tell the breaking a dream and was
indigenous in the most important service of
humanity - in the mind of the mind of the mind

General before an important battle and
the date of capture often depends. When
dreams are known at 10 be true it is only
in the existence by a coincidence of cir-
cumstances and is the effect of accident and
chance. The same things occur quite as
often in the waking state - as this has
ever & in no means intends that in the con-
vict that the dream being more or certain
as I doubt the human mind never a judg-
ment in the state of a conviction - the dream
is a thing that is a dream, do not
at present even what is to be at a future
time - a dream may receive information
which is dreams - the mind as I have
said irregular or morbid excitement in the brain
and he should order evacuation, firmness in eat-
ing and drinking exercise & - the mind
intended or received by dreams - I have
also frequently seen them seen - as carried
and he is in corner of the room something it
does not want there are frequently excited with

... I am apt to — To find out the
... of which is much I shall be
elegantly called it

... Forest nature, Sweet perfume

It allures all in cases and branches of life
it is equally acceptable to the world and the
house — It is enjoyed as I have observed before
most perfectly in a permanent horizontal posture
but some are able to sleep sitting in a chair
or even standing upright — The next sub

ject on which I have to treat is sleep —

The first part of the subject is the Physiological

— Philosophical subject but as I must treat of

Physiology and of questions — it is necessary that

I should use a few words on the influence of sleep

Sleep is common to all animals a very important

time for a human being is common to all as an

it is frequently cancelled — and not to be able

to sleep as to its quality and quantity is

considerable — in the human case or in

mode of improving elements in human nature

unacquainted with — I shall there-
fore make a few observations on that
it is almost as necessary as the preparation
of the medicine — and time being, ad-
ded to your interest on the subject, it
will not detain

Section 10th
Successes

Chapter II

Animals divide themselves into two kinds
Animal and vegetable.

That both these classes are more or less
affected by the same laws, and that the
intermediate structure of the teeth of
one which is carnivorous or granivorous ani-
mals are a combination of both and from the
minute and ~~fine~~ structure of the
teeth which follows an exclusive use of either
I mean of diet this is a positive indication
and as we see the animal must be a
Star and eat in it so we judge the exami-
le of our horses who eat hay - and
suppose there is and much in certain ani-
mals for the teeth - is a gift of our Creator
and as we see the teeth of a horse
is like an instrument made with nature and
executed for most of instances and not for

beings here - we must consider
it an act of benevolence - The large rel-
igious animals from all the animals and
domestic of use - the animal but man
is a division of any force - again
no animals better than man on the
of intelligence - a body in moments
hair is all that is left of his existence
life - a man suffers more from a cut
of the heart or than than any animal
is being killed - There is some an anim-
al in creation which has quadruped and
or even human who has not at some time
afforded not only food but a luxury to man
This teaches us not to consider as intruders
any animal even the loathsome as worms
but are all created for the use ^{and convenience} of man or of
his animals -

Let us next consider the Properties of
all men's nature is man's choice - on this
I must have been said - I mean
nature

... system will

... be better

... certain thing

... take notice

...

...

invention 1st that the moderate use of all
elements is palatable - & which acts easily on
the Stomach is wholesome - Take notice yet?

I shall speak of the harmony of the Mouth &
Stomach - many elements please the taste
which excite nausea in the Stomach such are

not wisdom. Doctor Sothergill in support
of this opinion relates an anecdote of Lord Mans-

field who was in use to dine now and then

his Lordship frequently enquired the doctor
whether verjus is the wholesomest of all acid

and what was your Lordship's love it?

yes - does it agree with your Lordship?

yes then it is certainly wholesome -

much of the most palatable food is

variable & can digestion and assimilation

single 2nd how in some circumstances it

...

"neurons been cut"

is an act of.

and more

no more than was intended in a system like
some years after they have been told so

3. Particular *degenerates* causes certain stim-
ents of our easy digestion to most people and in-
digestible to others 4th The time of life has an
influence on the *endowment* of food - is known
to most people at certain age indicated by
the name it is a delightful part of diet so that
the same ^{alimentary} ~~food~~ varies in this respect at certain ages
5th Habit has a great influence of almost render-
ing us pleased with such as was unpleasant
at first and the digestive powers as well as the
sensitive this remark excludes not Part an ex-
ample comes with agreeable and easy of digestion
to whom it was at first unpleasant
and unreasonable - these remarks being in-
vited I intended next to make the important thing
when stimulus is taken - in this respect as
well as among most civilized nations, custom
has established 3 or 4 meal times as they are
called in the 24 hours - the records leave with
the convenience of our occupations - but I
suspect it is like the horse was designed
to eat

to eat always or rather little and often
so as to keep the stomach continually full
in the impression of moderate distention
the inconvenience attendant on the long inter-
vals of time between meal times are most
apparent in children and old men who
have arrived at the second childhood - They
cannot pass the afternoon time without hun-
ger - The Indians eat little and often - The
Kaffirs inform us that they frequently rise
soon after breakfast this method keeps the sto-
mach under a more constant influence of
stimuli and allows digestion to go on with
more ease and the stomach to be evacuated
of its contents and the impressions on the
nerves and circulation is more uniform
the languor arising from the long inter-
vals between meals has given rise to the
use of ardent Spirits Tobacco & Opium to
to supply the place of food - custom
has rendered necessary for us to make one
immense meal in a day - describes some
arise concerning the most proper time
for this

For this Meal - in my opinion the roman custom
of supping in the evening is the best after the vari-
ous fatigues and labors of the day - digestion is
improved by rest after a hearty meal and the
night is the most convenient time on this account
perhaps about 8 o'clock in the evening - this ar-
rangement will not be so powerful or honorable
when we recollect that rest should ^{not} be horizontal
The Portuguese it is said lie on the floor after
dinner but it is not in an horizontal position
They rest themselves back against a wall and put
their knees between two chairs Augustus used
to lie down to sleep after dinner but he slept
in his chair - in short people who make a im-
age of sleeping after dinner always are sick ill-
tempered or both - a very common custom
is to drink before meals - this I think
highly prejudicial to the appetite & it frequent-
ly destroys or makes so keen that we eat
more than is for proper The Indians will know
this fact that drinking before meals destroys
the appetite hence they never taste even water
before dinner during their long marches

a much better made of imitating our Chinese
superstition is to eat larger bread & eat more
or the like it does not desire an appetite and one
does not eat the accustomed hour - it is custom
and also to drink at meals when we receive
in a little food it excites it - this I conceive
to be necessary - it makes us eat more than
we have a desire to eat and impairs digestion
and produces the gastric juices and hinders
the ^{food} digestion through the alimentary canal though
there are ingests digested - Chinese have another
custom of ^{the} disphragm of A subject
the visitor to a master of an hour dinner table
remains an appetite but wearing down exci-
tation as men are usually debilitated before
dinner - and subjects him also to the con-
venience of swallowing his food before he has
articulated it in order to avoid the punishment of
being ill treated and to have more of his
dinner than his neighbors - he must enter into
conversations with a goose or turkey and fatigue him
him so much as deprives him almost all
pleasure from his dinner - not to mention
the

men in the same, some to clothes and tall sticks,
the Chinese are of course the French have been in
the custom of disguising the shape of the vessels
in the present case is that you forget that you
are in an ancient and perhaps a useful
animal This idea Anthony Bonnet could
never bear - the Chinese neither use knives
or forks at their tables which is certainly an im-
provement again - the absurd custom of drink-
ing tea this subject one to continue to enlarge
upon to return thanks and also makes us think
more than a little to the contempt which our
highborn aristocracy with yawn and sneer then
with good reason for their health - more and
it breaks the silence which I have here stor-
ened is necessary for the improvement of the
world of earth and the destruction of our selfish
good

The Wharfedale, of element & the other
in salubrité - the water force or an air
purity - the substitution of good wine
from the former in the same circumstances
replace the salubrité of all sorts

189 Sex Females of all ages are more
tender and easy of digestion than males
and the animal more than when it attains
maturity of its vitality as it may be attested
the fact - Hence Cows are preferred to bulls
and even to stags to bulls and stags
are not a great improvement on the edibility
of animal food - adults are more stimula-
ting and more easy of digestion than
young - hence beef and mutton are
more highly valued than veal or lamb - mutton
is at perfection at its 5th year - The pre-
eminence of the Scotch and Irish is in
mutton at the 7th year - the time in which
animal has been preparing for the slaughter
house and the method used influences the
edibility of animal food The
cattle they have been fattening the more
edible as the food the inferiority of the
best food consists in their feeding the
cattle 2 years fattening are better than
1 year - Hence too the error in the
use of young is in the 1st year

[illegible]

[illegible]

The first thing I noticed when I stepped
 out of the car was the heat. It was a
 sticky, oppressive heat that seemed to
 wrap around me. The sun was high in the
 sky, and the air was thick with humidity.
 I had heard that the weather was bad, but
 I didn't realize how bad it would be. The
 heat was a constant reminder of the
 summer months. I had to wear light-colored
 clothes and keep a bottle of water with me
 at all times. The heat was a challenge, but
 it was also a part of the experience. I
 had to learn to live with it, to embrace it.
 The heat was a reminder of the beauty of
 the South. It was a reminder of the
 warmth and hospitality of the people. It was
 a reminder of the rich history and culture
 of the region. The heat was a part of the
 South, and I was lucky to experience it.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

I have been thinking much lately about the future of our country. I feel that we are at a critical juncture, and it is up to us to decide whether we will remain a united people or become a collection of warring states.

1877. Having been in a state of mind
not at all favorable to the study of this
subject it will not be surprising that I
have not been able to do much work in it
during the year.

I have been thinking of you to-day
and wondering how you are getting on
and whether you are still in the
same old place or have moved on.

I found great success in making it
in fact as I have noted - 1/2 lb.
of iron & 1/2 lb. of copper from which
I made 10 small pieces of metal in
all -

[illegible]

[illegible]

The first thing I noticed when I stepped out of the car was the heat. It was a sticky, oppressive heat that seemed to wrap around me. I had heard that the weather in New Orleans was terrible, but I didn't realize it would be so intense. The sun was beating down on me, and I could feel my skin starting to sweat. I took a deep breath and tried to ignore the heat. I was here to see the city, and I wasn't going to let the weather stop me. I walked towards the French Quarter, and I saw the famous St. Louis Cathedral. It was a beautiful building with a tall steeple. I took a picture of it and then I walked down the street. I saw many people walking around, and I saw some of the famous restaurants. I was in luck. I found a small, quiet place to sit and eat. I ordered a bowl of gumbo and a plate of jambalaya. It was delicious. I had heard that the food in New Orleans was amazing, and I was right. I ate my food and then I walked back to the car. I was tired, but I was happy. I had seen the city, and I had eaten some of the best food I had ever had. I was in luck. I found a small, quiet place to sit and eat. I ordered a bowl of gumbo and a plate of jambalaya. It was delicious. I had heard that the food in New Orleans was amazing, and I was right. I ate my food and then I walked back to the car. I was tired, but I was happy. I had seen the city, and I had eaten some of the best food I had ever had.

[illegible]

[illegible]

The same is true of the human mind. It is in a constant state of flux and change. The mind is not a static entity, but a dynamic one. It is constantly being shaped and reshaped by the environment. The mind is not a container of knowledge, but a process of knowledge. It is constantly being updated and revised. The mind is not a machine, but a living organism. It is constantly growing and evolving. The mind is not a thing, but a way of being. It is constantly changing and becoming. The mind is not a fixed entity, but a fluid one. It is constantly being shaped and reshaped by the environment. The mind is not a container of knowledge, but a process of knowledge. It is constantly being updated and revised. The mind is not a machine, but a living organism. It is constantly growing and evolving. The mind is not a thing, but a way of being. It is constantly changing and becoming.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

The first thing I noticed
when I stepped out of the car
was the smell of fresh air.
It was a relief after being
cooped up in the city for so long.
The sun was shining brightly,
and the birds were singing.
I felt like I had found a new world.
Everything seemed so different here.
The people were friendly and welcoming.
They made me feel like I belonged.
I was happy to have found a place
where I could start over.

I have been thinking of you
 and how much I love you
 and how much I need you
 and how much I want you
 and how much I hope you
 are well and happy
 and how much I hope you
 are all well and happy
 and how much I hope you
 are all well and happy

[illegible]

[illegible]

The first thing I noticed when I stepped
 out of the car was a great relief. I had been
 in the car for a long time and I was
 very tired. I had been sitting in the car
 for a long time and I was very tired. I
 had been sitting in the car for a long time
 and I was very tired. I had been sitting
 in the car for a long time and I was very
 tired. I had been sitting in the car for a
 long time and I was very tired. I had
 been sitting in the car for a long time and
 I was very tired. I had been sitting in the
 car for a long time and I was very tired.

cumation. of the moist Lignum. After
 it has been dried in a stove or over
 a fire of wood. It is then more easily
 broken than when it is fresh. This lignum
 is exported in its best state with a white
 and to be used. It is one of the best
 and is a very valuable and useful medicine.

[Faint handwritten notes at the bottom of the page]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

I am not sure if I have written to you lately. I have been very busy with my work and family. I hope you are well. I am feeling better now. I have been thinking about you a lot. I hope you are happy. I am looking forward to seeing you soon. I have been thinking about you a lot. I hope you are happy. I am looking forward to seeing you soon.

[illegible]

[illegible]

The first thing I noticed when I stepped out of the car was the humidity. It was a warm blanket, wrapping around me as I walked towards the entrance of the hotel. The air was thick with the scent of tropical flowers and the distant call of birds. I had heard that the weather was perfect, and indeed it was. The sun was shining brightly, but not too harshly, creating a golden glow over the landscape.

As I approached the hotel, I saw a large sign that read "Welcome to Paradise." It was a simple, rustic sign made of wood, with the words painted in a cursive font. The sign was flanked by two palm trees, their fronds swaying gently in the breeze. I felt a sense of anticipation as I walked towards the entrance. The hotel was a beautiful building, with a thatched roof and walls made of local stone. The architecture was a blend of traditional and modern, creating a unique and charming atmosphere.

I was greeted by a friendly staff member who led me to my room. The room was spacious and comfortable, with a large bed, a desk, and a view of the ocean. I had heard that the hotel was the best, and now I knew why. The service was excellent, the food was delicious, and the location was perfect. I was in luck. The weather was just what I needed. I had heard that the weather was perfect, and indeed it was. The sun was shining brightly, but not too harshly, creating a golden glow over the landscape.

I had heard that the weather was perfect, and indeed it was. The sun was shining brightly, but not too harshly, creating a golden glow over the landscape. I was in luck. The weather was just what I needed. I had heard that the weather was perfect, and indeed it was. The sun was shining brightly, but not too harshly, creating a golden glow over the landscape.

The first factor in the production of a grain
 of corn is the seed, which is a small plant
 and is the first stage of the corn plant.
 The seed is then planted in the soil, where
 it grows into a young plant. The young plant
 is then watered and fertilized, and it grows
 into a mature plant. The mature plant is then
 harvested and the grain is separated from the
 stalk. The grain is then stored in a granary
 until it is needed for food or for seed.
 The grain is then ground into flour, which is
 used to make bread and other food products.
 The grain is also used for animal feed and for
 the production of alcohol and other products.
 The grain is a very important part of our
 diet and it is one of the most important
 crops in the world. It is a very versatile
 crop and it can be used in many different
 ways. It is a very important part of our
 economy and it is one of the most important
 crops in the world.

[illegible]

[illegible]

11
The first thing I noticed
when I stepped out of the
train was the cold air. It was
a sharp contrast to the warm
climate of the South. I had
heard that the weather was
perfect, but this was different.
The wind was strong and it
felt like a slap in the face.
I had to pull my coat tighter
around me. The people around
me were also dressed in heavy
clothing. I saw many people
wearing hats and coats. It
was a strange sight for me.
I had never seen so many
people dressed like this before.
The train conductor was
telling me that the weather
was bad. He said that it
was a good thing I was
here. He said that the
weather was just what I
needed. I was confused. I
didn't know what he meant.
I was just a poor girl from
the South. I didn't know
what I needed. I was just
trying to make a better life
for myself. I was just
trying to escape the poverty
of my home. I was just
trying to find a better place
to live. I was just trying
to find a better life.

[illegible]

The first of these is the fact that the
 American people are not yet fully
 aware of the importance of the
 situation. They are not yet fully
 aware of the fact that the situation
 is a serious one. They are not yet
 fully aware of the fact that the
 situation is a serious one. They are
 not yet fully aware of the fact that
 the situation is a serious one. They
 are not yet fully aware of the fact
 that the situation is a serious one.

[illegible]

The white of an egg is more than the
 coagulable albumen - 2 in.
 The white of an egg is containing a greater
 proportion of Water is more than the
 coagulable albumen - and it never coagulates
 down like the latter does - I never
 found that one can be in a state of coagulation
 like the same principle - I have never
 found of the animal - I have never
 observed of the coagulable albumen & much
 more than the same is in the animal
 concerned - I have never
 found a center or morbid disposition
 in the heart of the animal - I have
 never found of the animal

[illegible]

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 11th inst. in relation to the matter of the application for a patent for an improvement in the construction of a machine for the purpose of cutting and forming the ends of the rods of the steam engine. I have the honor to inform you that the same has been referred to the proper authorities for their consideration. I am, Sir, very respectfully,
 Yours, &c.
 J. H. P.

37
 The first of these is the fact that the
 human mind is a tabula rasa at birth. It is
 a blank slate upon which the world is written.
 The second is the fact that the mind is a mirror.
 It reflects the world as it is, but it does not
 create it. The third is the fact that the mind is a
filter. It filters out the things that are not
 important to it. The fourth is the fact that the
 mind is a creator. It creates the things that
 are important to it. The fifth is the fact that
 the mind is a selector. It selects the things
 that it wants to know about. The sixth is the
 fact that the mind is a judge. It judges the
 things that it knows about. The seventh is the
 fact that the mind is a planner. It plans the
 things that it wants to do. The eighth is the
 fact that the mind is a doer. It does the
 things that it plans to do. The ninth is the
 fact that the mind is a feeler. It feels the
 things that it does. The tenth is the fact that
 the mind is a thinker. It thinks about the
 things that it feels. The eleventh is the fact
 that the mind is a rememberer. It remembers
 the things that it thinks about. The twelfth is
 the fact that the mind is a forgetter. It forgets
 the things that it remembers. The thirteenth is
 the fact that the mind is a learner. It learns
 from the things that it forgets. The fourteenth
 is the fact that the mind is a teacher. It teaches
 the things that it learns. The fifteenth is the
 fact that the mind is a leader. It leads the
 things that it teaches. The sixteenth is the
 fact that the mind is a follower. It follows the
 things that it leads. The seventeenth is the
 fact that the mind is a creator. It creates the
 things that it follows. The eighteenth is the
 fact that the mind is a selector. It selects the
 things that it creates. The nineteenth is the
 fact that the mind is a judge. It judges the
 things that it selects. The twentieth is the
 fact that the mind is a planner. It plans the
 things that it judges. The twenty-first is the
 fact that the mind is a doer. It does the
 things that it plans. The twenty-second is the
 fact that the mind is a feeler. It feels the
 things that it does. The twenty-third is the
 fact that the mind is a thinker. It thinks about
 the things that it feels. The twenty-fourth is
 the fact that the mind is a rememberer. It
 remembers the things that it thinks about. The
 twenty-fifth is the fact that the mind is a
forgetter. It forgets the things that it
 remembers. The twenty-sixth is the fact that
 the mind is a learner. It learns from the
 things that it forgets. The twenty-seventh is
 the fact that the mind is a teacher. It teaches
 the things that it learns. The twenty-eighth is
 the fact that the mind is a leader. It leads the
 things that it teaches. The twenty-ninth is the
 fact that the mind is a follower. It follows the
 things that it leads. The thirtieth is the fact
 that the mind is a creator. It creates the
 things that it follows. The thirty-first is the
 fact that the mind is a selector. It selects the
 things that it creates. The thirty-second is the
 fact that the mind is a judge. It judges the
 things that it selects. The thirty-third is the
 fact that the mind is a planner. It plans the
 things that it judges. The thirty-fourth is the
 fact that the mind is a doer. It does the
 things that it plans. The thirty-fifth is the
 fact that the mind is a feeler. It feels the
 things that it does. The thirty-sixth is the
 fact that the mind is a thinker. It thinks about
 the things that it feels. The thirty-seventh is
 the fact that the mind is a rememberer. It
 remembers the things that it thinks about. The
 thirty-eighth is the fact that the mind is a
forgetter. It forgets the things that it
 remembers. The thirty-ninth is the fact that
 the mind is a learner. It learns from the
 things that it forgets. The fortieth is the
 fact that the mind is a teacher. It teaches
 the things that it learns. The forty-first is the
 fact that the mind is a leader. It leads the
 things that it teaches. The forty-second is the
 fact that the mind is a follower. It follows the
 things that it leads. The forty-third is the
 fact that the mind is a creator. It creates the
 things that it follows. The forty-fourth is the
 fact that the mind is a selector. It selects the
 things that it creates. The forty-fifth is the
 fact that the mind is a judge. It judges the
 things that it selects. The forty-sixth is the
 fact that the mind is a planner. It plans the
 things that it judges. The forty-seventh is the
 fact that the mind is a doer. It does the
 things that it plans. The forty-eighth is the
 fact that the mind is a feeler. It feels the
 things that it does. The forty-ninth is the
 fact that the mind is a thinker. It thinks about
 the things that it feels. The fiftieth is the
 fact that the mind is a rememberer. It
 remembers the things that it thinks about. The
 fifty-first is the fact that the mind is a
forgetter. It forgets the things that it
 remembers. The fifty-second is the fact that
 the mind is a learner. It learns from the
 things that it forgets. The fifty-third is the
 fact that the mind is a teacher. It teaches
 the things that it learns. The fifty-fourth is
 the fact that the mind is a leader. It leads the
 things that it teaches. The fifty-fifth is the
 fact that the mind is a follower. It follows the
 things that it leads. The fifty-sixth is the
 fact that the mind is a creator. It creates the
 things that it follows. The fifty-seventh is the
 fact that the mind is a selector. It selects the
 things that it creates. The fifty-eighth is the
 fact that the mind is a judge. It judges the
 things that it selects. The fifty-ninth is the
 fact that the mind is a planner. It plans the
 things that it judges. The sixtieth is the
 fact that the mind is a doer. It does the
 things that it plans. The sixty-first is the
 fact that the mind is a feeler. It feels the
 things that it does. The sixty-second is the
 fact that the mind is a thinker. It thinks about
 the things that it feels. The sixty-third is the
 fact that the mind is a rememberer. It
 remembers the things that it thinks about. The
 sixty-fourth is the fact that the mind is a
forgetter. It forgets the things that it
 remembers. The sixty-fifth is the fact that
 the mind is a learner. It learns from the
 things that it forgets. The sixty-sixth is the
 fact that the mind is a teacher. It teaches
 the things that it learns. The sixty-seventh is
 the fact that the mind is a leader. It leads the
 things that it teaches. The sixty-eighth is the
 fact that the mind is a follower. It follows the
 things that it leads. The sixty-ninth is the
 fact that the mind is a creator. It creates the
 things that it follows. The seventieth is the
 fact that the mind is a selector. It selects the
 things that it creates. The seventy-first is the
 fact that the mind is a judge. It judges the
 things that it selects. The seventy-second is
 the fact that the mind is a planner. It plans
 the things that it judges. The seventy-third is
 the fact that the mind is a doer. It does the
 things that it plans. The seventy-fourth is the
 fact that the mind is a feeler. It feels the
 things that it does. The seventy-fifth is the
 fact that the mind is a thinker. It thinks about
 the things that it feels. The seventy-sixth is
 the fact that the mind is a rememberer. It
 remembers the things that it thinks about. The
 seventy-seventh is the fact that the mind is a
forgetter. It forgets the things that it
 remembers. The seventy-eighth is the fact that
 the mind is a learner. It learns from the
 things that it forgets. The seventy-ninth is
 the fact that the mind is a teacher. It teaches
 the things that it learns. The eightieth is the
 fact that the mind is a leader. It leads the
 things that it teaches. The eighty-first is the
 fact that the mind is a follower. It follows the
 things that it leads. The eighty-second is the
 fact that the mind is a creator. It creates the
 things that it follows. The eighty-third is the
 fact that the mind is a selector. It selects the
 things that it creates. The eighty-fourth is the
 fact that the mind is a judge. It judges the
 things that it selects. The eighty-fifth is the
 fact that the mind is a planner. It plans the
 things that it judges. The eighty-sixth is the
 fact that the mind is a doer. It does the
 things that it plans. The eighty-seventh is the
 fact that the mind is a feeler. It feels the
 things that it does. The eighty-eighth is the
 fact that the mind is a thinker. It thinks about
 the things that it feels. The eighty-ninth is the
 fact that the mind is a rememberer. It
 remembers the things that it thinks about. The
 ninetieth is the fact that the mind is a
forgetter. It forgets the things that it
 remembers. The ninety-first is the fact that
 the mind is a learner. It learns from the
 things that it forgets. The ninety-second is
 the fact that the mind is a teacher. It teaches
 the things that it learns. The ninety-third is
 the fact that the mind is a leader. It leads the
 things that it teaches. The ninety-fourth is
 the fact that the mind is a follower. It follows
 the things that it leads. The ninety-fifth is
 the fact that the mind is a creator. It creates
 the things that it follows. The ninety-sixth is
 the fact that the mind is a selector. It selects
 the things that it creates. The ninety-seventh
 is the fact that the mind is a judge. It
 judges the things that it selects. The ninety-
 eighth is the fact that the mind is a planner.
 It plans the things that it judges. The ninety-
 ninth is the fact that the mind is a doer.
 It does the things that it plans. The hundredth
 is the fact that the mind is a feeler. It
 feels the things that it does.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

The first of these is the fact that the
 system is not a simple one, but a
 complex one, involving a number of
 different elements, each of which
 must be considered in its own
 right, and in its relation to the
 whole. The second is the fact that
 the system is not a static one, but a
 dynamic one, involving a number of
 different elements, each of which
 must be considered in its own
 right, and in its relation to the
 whole. The third is the fact that
 the system is not a simple one, but a
 complex one, involving a number of
 different elements, each of which
 must be considered in its own
 right, and in its relation to the
 whole.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

The study of the ...
... it is important to note that
existence - ... the ...
... are some ...
... forms ...
... at ...
... members of ...
... by ...
... all ...
... water ...
... the ...

The first of these is the fact that the
 same letter is written to the same person
 in the same place. This is a very strong
 evidence of the fact that the letter is
 a copy of the original. The second is the
 fact that the letter is written in the same
 hand. This is also a very strong evidence
 of the fact that the letter is a copy of the
 original. The third is the fact that the
 letter is written in the same place. This is
 also a very strong evidence of the fact that
 the letter is a copy of the original.

[illegible][illegible]

27 2

[illegible]

[illegible]

The main object of the
 paper is to show that the
 theory of the origin of the
 human race is a subject of
 great importance. It is a
 subject which has attracted
 the attention of the most
 distinguished philosophers
 and scientists of the age.
 It is a subject which has
 been the subject of much
 controversy and discussion.
 It is a subject which has
 been the subject of much
 research and inquiry.

The first consideration in the case of the
 new system is that it is a complete
 change, and it is not possible to
 introduce it in a piecemeal
 fashion. The system is a new
 one, and it is not possible to
 introduce it in a piecemeal
 fashion. The system is a new
 one, and it is not possible to
 introduce it in a piecemeal
 fashion.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

The first of the new year
 is a day of great
 importance to the
 people of the
 East. It is a day
 when the old year
 is closed and the
 new year is
 opened. It is a day
 when the people
 of the East
 are at home
 and the people
 of the West
 are at home.

[illegible]

[Faint handwritten text, likely bleed-through from the reverse side of the page.]

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to a general discussion of the problem of the origin of life. It is shown that the problem is one of the most important and interesting in the history of science.

1. The first part of the document is a list of names and dates, which appears to be a record of some kind. The names are written in a cursive script, and the dates are in a more formal, printed style. The list is organized into two columns, with names on the left and dates on the right.

[Faint handwritten notes at the bottom of the page]

in the

1890

1890

This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and small dark spots, possibly due to age or handling. A horizontal crease is visible near the bottom edge of the page.

Handwritten text in a cursive script, likely a letter or a page from a diary. The text is written on aged, slightly discolored paper. The handwriting is fluid and somewhat slanted. The content is mostly illegible due to the cursive style and the quality of the scan, but some words and phrases are discernible. The text appears to be organized into several paragraphs, with some lines starting with capital letters. There are some small, dark spots or stains on the paper, particularly towards the right side. The overall appearance is that of a historical document.

Lecture 20th

On the Subject of Nutrition Two opinions have prevailed — one that the body is nourished by the Liver — and the other that the Liver performs this service to the system — I adopted the former taught the first of these theories and learned of my Master Cullen. But I have since been convinced that the arguments from which I had formed my opinion was false & I have of course adopted the latter theory — The fact I allude to was that the brain was evolved before the heart and arteries —

That his opinion is repeated by Dr. Mead who believes that the arteries & vessels the body has proven that the brain is not evolved prior to the heart — Dr. Haller has seen that the heart and arteries are formed prior to the brain and appears in the Chick in Ovo — in 38 hours after incubation — in 45 hours the ^{ri}bristles of the

of the heart and vessels were joined - The heart
at the 4th hour - The lungs not free the 4th
in the 12th hour the brain was tentorial in 16th like
Mucus - in 13th hours Then
back home as excitement of the heart and vessels to
the Brain & nerves - Monro

The first impulse appears to be of the blood
upon the heart and vessels - There are excellent
connections of Stimuli and act 2nd on the Brain
and nerves. There 3rd react and by their action
excite the heart and vessels - etc. which then app-
ear to act reciprocally on each other and the
result from this reciprocal action - The first
Stimuli is the blood - then the arteries heart &c -
I agree with D^r Valli in supposing the brain to be
the extremity of the Nerves and the other end the
origin of them - They originate from different
parts of the body and terminate in the brain

The reason why exclusively of the above
facts is due to the combined fact of the
movement of the blood and 1st from the
great ~~disturbance~~ ^{disturbance} of the brain to the body - ~~there is~~
brain - ~~as~~ as we want not obtain of the Brain
enough the body - Thus the brain of an

ox is but one fourth as large as that of a man &
yet in ox is six times longer than in man —

Undoubtedly according to this it must be that the
nerves without the brain are nourished as well as those
who have them — but — how this can be
the case if the nourishment was derived from the
Brain — 3^{rdly} both of them have very small

nerves & are as well nourished as such as have a
greater quantity distributed to them — 4th Dact

Monro destroyed the Sciatic Nerve of a Frog — the Fro
lived for several years after it & lived as well
nourished as the other one — as was made out to it
by the color as before — 5^{thly} another proof that the

brain itself performs the matter of nourishing parts
is that Madder by entering the circulation & passing
through the Vessels into the Substance of the brain
color it red — Madder could not be conveyed by

the Nerves — 6^{thly} the kinds of matter are so
variously supplied by the blood — the Nerves contain
always a color fluid, at least it is probable —
7^{thly} the secretions performed by the intestines

of the Nerves

never made the importance of the blood vessels.
It is not then the importance of Medicine that its
importance has been overlooked in most of the
Systems of Medicine. Boerhaave attributes
the change of the body by disease to alterations
in the properties of the blood and overlooks the
Nerves altogether. Willen in his other work
attributes the phenomena of disease to the Nerves.
In this he was followed by Dr. Brown - I
Nerves form the basis of both these Systems of
Medicine - If I have contributed to the
advancement of the Science of
Medicine - it will be my having made the Sen-
sibility System ~~the~~ the object of more attention
whilst at the same time I hope I have not entire-
ly overlooked those of my predecessors just mentioned.

Chapter III.

What we have considered in the preceding chapter
is not the order in which we come next to turn
we are previous to each - as is the peculiarities
1st distinguish in Sexes - thus are such as depend
on the body and such as depend on the mind
2^d the peculiarities of the individual - 3^d

[illegible]

... are a hollow
nerves in the ... min none not, the
... its ... for the
... - 3^d ... exte-
nal organs as ... of
... 4th ...
... from the ... & vagina
... 2 glands situated one on each
breast ... milk for nourish-
ment is ... the ...
... during respiration in women than in
Men ... in ...
... the ...
... in ... - lastly the
... of ... more ...
... than that of Men - ...
... the obvious peculiarities of the body
but we must ... further ...
... in ...
... of ...
... the peculiarities of the female mind ...
... an education ...
... coincide - there is a much original
difference -

difference between the mind & the body
between the senses of the senses as between the body

There differences appear first in the understanding -
this in women is less vigorous and comprehensive
than in men & is less "incomprehensible" -

Only in Imagination Women are inferior to
men - in some they perhaps exceed men but in
a nation they do not prosper in so much perfection
since we find the Poets of Women is very good but
is never sublime - Who ever knew a woman with an
"Imagination"? Look on me as I write now
what? - Only the memory in women is greater for
words and events than in men - but for ideas they
are inferior - They recollect words & events most
perfectly yet are oppressed with pain as that of which
they are - on this account of memory for events they are
never called "living historians" - The Indians can recollect
all their transactions to the present - & in case of peace,
or the like where correct information is required is
required they are always called upon - & Women
are inferior to men in that faculty of the mind
which is called "imagination" - Some have
been called "poets" & "improvisers" are
not more accurate than those of men

exceed men - From this circumstance of the
Sage in the case of Haman, we may learn much of
the nature of the Jewish people, he being in comb
with the women - ^{5th} The moral fault is more
perfect in Haman than in the women. In their
purity, simplicity and courtesy in this respect than
men - Haman was the Lord of the House of David in
greater perfection than in the women. He may be said to
be a more perfect man than the women, being more alone than
a life exposed to the circumstances of life, we may
have a tendency to become so much of a woman
as to be generally more virtuous & virtuous than men

A great deal of me now gentlemen who I have
been mentioned when speaking of memory - it is that
the wife of Dr. Cullen has passed it in her latter days
to such an amazing degree that one could tell the
employment, pleasure, manner of her life in the
time of any history, ^{except} ~~circumstance~~ that would
be in the last 60 years of her life - if for inst
ance you should ask her how did you spend the
evening of the 5th of Jan 1797? she could immediately
answer and describe the company she was in
in some circumstance that would be - To return

They are of course less distinguished by their virtues than Men - The affections of the female mind differ as much from the Male as its Faculties - They have gentler perceptions than Men but their Judgment and reasoning powers are by no means so great - Women have more fortitude than Men but less courage - The former converse in being happy the other in an active desire of 2^d mind - Women are more inclined to Secrecy than Men They are more communicative of secrets than Men but they are the secrets of others not their own -

Men on the other hand are commensurate of
their own Sins and terrors of the Sins of
other People - Women are less fearful of the
reminiscences and less forgiving of Injuries than Men
and in the act of forgiving them - great minds
have no occasion for revenge - Women are less
inflamed by the venereal desires than the men
and more delicate and modest than the latter -
Are these differences the result of Education? or
are they innate and instinctive? I incline to the
latter opinion. Mrs. Belton in the author of
the Rights of women supposes the only difference
between the Mental powers of Women & Men to be owing
to Education - This celebrated writer and Helvetius
are both wrong. The opinion is superficial - it is
absurd - There is ~~there~~ a certain original differ-
ence stamped in the hand of the Creator in the
reason - we see it in the earliest infancy - who
ever saw a boy delight in playing with a Doll?
or a girl imitate riding on horse back by
trading a ~~box~~ a cone? Objections made to any
..... between the mental powers of the two
Sexes - I am aware Masculine Women & effeminate
Men

Men - but they can only be compared as an exception
to the general rule -

Let not the youthful champion of female ex-
cellence suppose the above observations moderate a
doubt of respect for them - Far from it -

To Men there is more reason to admire and
respect and therefore more than 7 ions - in that
there does exist a cerebral mental & well as corporal
conviction - and it is right that should be -

The opinion on the subject is as generous with reason
as it is with divine inspiration - I shall not make
any apology for having treated of the subject as fully as
I have done - The subject is mentioned in a course
of Physiology - the man who is acquainted with the
above facts is capable of prescribing for a disease -

From the time of the female convulsion arises
the quantity of discharge of blood from the uterus den-
ominated the Menstruation or Catamenia & this discharge
of blood which occurs periodically is common to human
Species. The female Menstruation (perhaps excepted) & it
occurs at different ages in different countries - in the
Middle of the winter states it occurs about the 15th day
- & in spring it occurs about the 1st day of the month

in expect to find color - and women
do not come out of doors till in the afternoon
There are many exceptions to the time of its com-
mencement - I knew 3 children in this city
in whom it occurred under the 7th day - at
least two were of one family - Dr. Miller
mentions several instances in which it occurred in
the 1st 2nd & 3rd months of age these are common
in me - At the time of its appearance the
breasts begin to swell - the face becomes more brill-
iant the voice more melodious and the whole
system & deportment assumes an agreeable char-
acter - the General appetite is now felt -
4th - there are exceptions to the time of the cessation
of the Catamenia - in the middle States the usual
time is from the 40th to the 50th years - but some
old women have them till near their death
the old women in this city when age was 100
years had the menses 80 at them - unless the men-
struation is frequent or giving much - In some the
return again in extreme old age after that having
ceased for many years - a case of 100th years
in the Pennsylvania Hospital in a Mrs. Barclay
who she had ceased for 25 years in her 70th year
she had a return of them -

... it felt and attempt at the ante
rejuvenation age - it is like the women at 18 &
bearing which then occurs in at 18 - we
see to the same renovation take place in the body with
the difference that it occurs in the latter every year
in the former not for 80 or 100 years - it has
an analogue too with the renewal of the teeth of
at least some birds experience - this and many
other facts induce me to suppose that there will at
a future period be a renewal of the ante-rejuvenation age
but more of this hereafter - ~~the~~ The menses occur
~~periodically~~ sooner in women who labor
or use that exercise in the open air
5th thing clear across pregnancy & suckling
some women have the menses range in the States
but it is from the vagina & not from the uterus - It
commonly occurs about the 1st or 2^d month after ges-
tation and is a sign of the return of the blood and
renewed the uterus of which means - The quantity of
the discharge varies in different persons it is generally
from 3 to 5 ounces. It is often of no more quantity
or peculiarities - The period of continuance is 3 or 5 days
and its time of repetition occurs in some women monthly

- present & also list in (10)
 is more characteristic of the
 it is from the general level of
 natural system of terms. It is in the same
 in some cases being more than the 100 & 1000
 long. Some cases are on the same and in the same
 as in the 1000s - all of which are excluded
 by the system of the animal system.

Phthisis Pulmonalis but the
expectoration will be removed. When we reflect that
in the disease there is the process of digestion
and magnification of the air in the
lungs the system of persons laboring under
Phthisis Pulmonalis is often *plethoric* - hence
haemorrhages common in that disease - and
the lungs may be truly considered as an
instrument of the uterus - we have to bleed
more in *Phthisis Pulmonalis* than in almost
any other disease owing to the plethoric state of
the system in *Phthisis Pulmonalis*.

The system during the time of menstruation is
propensity to disease or an inflammatory in-
clination - hence *Phthisis Pulmonalis* is more frequent in
that case - and this is confirmed by the fact
that it is more common in the female sex -
another objection to the theory of *Phthisis Pulmonalis* is the
fact that in *Phthisis Pulmonalis* people do not present the
same symptoms -

of the lungs -

11

question

multitudo

generation

[illegible]

[illegible]

in it. The only mention here in external
organs is in the testes, which will be seen
to undergo some anatomical changes
before is mention the changes in the male sex
commence at puberty - there is an enlargement
of the scrotum at the same time -
and a certain hoarseness in the voice accompanied
with a roughness in the 14 years old rough or callous
eruption on the skin & in the scrotum some
a beard - several changes are more distinct
observed - the whole system undergoes a
change & becomes more vigorous the mind
undergoes a great change as the body is becoming
wiser & as it was before a stranger -
this change usually occurs about the 14 years
in some instances it has occurred - There is
a few cases where the signs of puberty made
in the same time before the 13 years - a few see
the same change have been by some attributed
to an abstinence of the semen and its stimulus
The argument in favor of this hypothesis are
derived from Seminal and from the number of
Seminal emissions could account for the testes & Seminal vesicles.
The idea is entirely hypothetical. The use

The use of the system is much inferior for the
purpose of conveying any all symptoms on the se-
men circulation. It is more as a rule - 2^d it
may be accounted for some of the disorders in the Gyn-
ecial system and sympathy with the whole system
the disorders seen in some cases of mental mania &
even Death - again they cannot trace the ex-
istence of semen in any part of the body but the vessels
adapted for its secretion & retention wh they could
do were it accurate see infer from analogy but
it is in the case I mentioned - Nerve & Spi-
ritual effects on the mind & mind some what sim-
ilar to those of poisons - Excitation & exhilaration long
before they can be supposed to have entered the
circulation - again the alteration in the system
in the system during Pregnancy has some analogy
with this - Nausea in some cases syncope are
induced by the stimulus of distention in the vessels
by sympathy with the stomach - This nature
in which causes an enlargement of the menses the
color of the skin altered by the system
Damen Morph - In Females the change of
system may be explained by the tension induced

in the case of the sear, the same
dot in the same manner. The same is
one the stimulus of the semen abstracted in both
there can direct vitality is induced wh. predispo-
ses to events wh. I consider a disease - The same
thing happens from the abstraction of any other
stimuli - clear visible become languid from loss
of living - The pullings of the udder and lob-
s of milk in humans & attribute to the same
cause - debility. In healthy men the sudden ab-
sorption of the stimulus from exc. in women
is decided the symptoms of the same debility
something can be inferred from the number of
signiphatus except that, nature has been ordered
to take away all superfluous moisture from the
semen - Nature will prevent that debility is
induced by castration in oxen by no means
immediately, but in getting it never so great
as a horse from owing solely to this cause
The fluids of the body are more adherent &
less the small perceptible in some animals
at that time - this merely arises from a more
vigorous circulation wh. increases the force of
the

of the whole system - this is most horrible in man
and in people - the operation of the human then
is to be merely a stimulus - and a
man's system is to be to that per-
son of life in that his are able to overcome the
power of the stimulus - in fact
the cerebral system is equal almost with their
existence - But in man the case is different
and it is in fact that it is the case that the
creation from their sustenance is not made
in them the moment they come from the
mother's womb - But man has to "earn his bread
in the sweat of his brow" and it is not the same
man has to sweat in a family as a woman before
he forms connection with a woman is elevated
in the same way -

(Conclusion 1st)

It is not until we see in connection the re-
production of the sexes and compare them with
the life when they are to propagate their
species - in women it is the case as in man
of the marriage - the latter has been with it in

and so on. When I was in London I did not
 exceed that age. The up table is well as to
 minute with the except of Gering - & the Roman
 from the business - I received the general aff.
 ette was in return for moral lessons
 & it is the common view at our house as a great
 help - much disputes concerning the
 propriety of matrimony has been held from the
 passage in the conference is asked by one of the
 "Is it good to marry?" he answers -
 "There are Gents who are Gents in their
 "other world & there are G. who have been made
 "to be G. & someone there are G. who have made
 "them selves so for the Kingdom of Heaven sake -
 "It is not of your now can hear these things let
 "him hear this also. - This has been fol-
 "lowed by in a sermon in Gower &
 "Liberty - I say freely for it admits of a
 "direct & possible construction - It is not
 "if our G. have many are applied to an subject
 "of so minute a nature & it concerns a minor
 "and a number of important in general aff.
 "as if the movement at the call of such a
 question

question - The necessity of the General apoplexy
shows it to be the common or one factor that it
cannot be made a - in it remains - the dissem-
ination of the human race must be the consequence
of it he can never have minutes - so that what
has been supposed an argument in favor of Gibbon
is in my opinion a strong and not a sufficient
proof - It is impossible for the human subject
to have without producing this apoplexy & there is
a contradiction in that & such a small then dissemi-
nation - Proves opinion of the cause of the disease R.B. 1793
as it is not in every state or condition of the system
in a disease or its degree - the convalescent is an
evidence the manner the ^{the} Gachandine, says it is
but it is not correct when inquired in a false theo-
retical abolition of the - it appears to be a
the convalescent from malignant disease a. the Gachand-
ine the prevalence of the Yellow fever in the city
in the year 1793 the convalescent's seen the disease
at Bush Hill induced in a most common at
the dislocation of their immortal being - Gibbon
informs in his account of an earthquake in
the time of Justinian which destroyed the city of London
that

[illegible]

Alligany
mountain the women King's College -
is called for its bones & all year them so

The first part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the
 various methods of determining the relative humidity of the air.
 The second part is devoted to a discussion of the various methods
 of determining the absolute humidity of the air. The third part
 is devoted to a discussion of the various methods of determining
 the relative humidity of the air. The fourth part is devoted to a
 discussion of the various methods of determining the absolute
 humidity of the air. The fifth part is devoted to a discussion
 of the various methods of determining the relative humidity of
 the air. The sixth part is devoted to a discussion of the
 various methods of determining the absolute humidity of the air.
 The seventh part is devoted to a discussion of the various
 methods of determining the relative humidity of the air. The
 eighth part is devoted to a discussion of the various methods
 of determining the absolute humidity of the air. The ninth part
 is devoted to a discussion of the various methods of determining
 the relative humidity of the air. The tenth part is devoted to a
 discussion of the various methods of determining the absolute
 humidity of the air.

[illegible]

The first part of the paper is devoted to a description of the anatomy of the female genital organs. It begins with the external organs, the labia majora and minora, and the clitoris. It then proceeds to the internal organs, the vagina and uterus. The author describes the structure and function of each organ, and also the manner in which they are connected to each other. The paper is written in a clear and concise style, and is well illustrated with diagrams.

The second part of the paper is devoted to a description of the diseases of the female genital organs. It begins with a description of the various forms of inflammation of the external organs, and then proceeds to a description of the diseases of the internal organs. The author describes the symptoms and signs of each disease, and also the manner in which they are to be treated. The paper is written in a clear and concise style, and is well illustrated with diagrams.

all secretory organs
have a peculiar histologic position a secretory
in the Uterus in Epithelium, in the Fallopian in
the glands - ovaries & here is sometimes a recur-
rence of the histologic position as is seen in basal
cell carcinoma - Vater Papan - not the
Fallopian tube & Ovary in like manner have a
reversion of the secretory position and are to
be considered by the motion of the Fallopian
tube to the uterus? - the same is seen in
ovulation

in imagination in cases of a lost penis & in women - But as it is inferred from analogy, it is more or less hypothetical & it certainly is more so than many - Several circumstances indicate a kind of the same as the stimuli of the male road - the stimulation of the vagina - Excitability of the ovaria - Since after stimulation it increases the excitability women are more easily impregnated - also after loss of semen from gland - also a bit of Sperm. & carrying a way as to the transmission - That has a remarkable influence on the generation of animals

Dr. Cally mentions that she, when travelling from one English island to St. Hilda and back, & returning became pregnant soon after their sexual intercourse -

The ovaria is indicated in connection in animals as in the relation of the ovum with the ovum & fertilization - The ovaria during the moment it is in the Fallopian tube and impregnated the uterus - as its motion we see a number of similar effects from mechanical

mechanical & chemical stimuli - I shall mention -
 are two cases of the kind some what remarkable -
 a lady in this City always experiences before the
 commencement of her menses sickness a coldness
 in one of her legs. Succeeded by a glowing heat in
 the foot - Dr. Hare a kind of Rheumatism in New
 at Castle mentions a case of a woman who always
 knows the time she is conceived, by a great passion
 or inclination to steal every thing wh. she comes
 across - The final cause of this disease accord-
 cing to Mr. Hunter is to guard the System against
 inflammatory complaints - It is not a universal dis-
 ease - Some women also are of pregnancy in
 this City in wh. there was no sickness at all - and
 some it is so violent as to induce great disease - I
 have known some cases where the Patients were in-
 able to sit up for 3 or 4 Months - How long is
 the time before it appears? It often? & indeed
 the whole turnup is lodged on in the ovaria - It
 may be compared to a hot lead when the heat
 first acquires life & vigor - The uterus may be
 considered as a large greenhouse where it is
 nourished & acquires strength to resist the action

I think we observe to drink or are sick after drinking - I doubt not but that
 in some cases a lady who has been the victim of some of these diseases

I have seen a case of this kind in which the patient was not concerned in the
 disease but the husband of the patient and the women of the house

[illegible]

[illegible]

The first part of the paper is devoted to a discussion of the
 results of the experiments conducted by the author and his
 associates during the past few years. It is shown that the
 results are in general in accordance with the theory proposed
 in the preceding paper. The second part of the paper is
 devoted to a discussion of the results of the experiments
 conducted by other investigators. It is shown that the results
 are in general in accordance with the theory proposed in
 the preceding paper. The third part of the paper is devoted
 to a discussion of the results of the experiments conducted
 by other investigators. It is shown that the results are in
 general in accordance with the theory proposed in the
 preceding paper.

[illegible]

[illegible]

Lecture 22nd
Pathology

Transition

Gentlemen, I trust we have considered
the human body in a position like a runner
across a field before the ball, but now we are to
consider him in a more or less stationary
position - looking at death like a moral evil and
the consequence of the loss of the soul.
The soul - as we see it in the im-
age of the body - is a soul in a material
medium - has distinction as a material
medium - other souls capable to feel that
his life - his situation at least will be
a new and more than ever able to live
for a thousand years - after a long time
his soul will be a more or less stationary
in a more limited period - The soul
of the soul has completely lost its distinction
as a soul - it is its present period - its
soul has not a higher influence on the
transition or its destination or spirit.

well as the present opinions and arguments
the element Time, now its great measure,
continued to take part with the blind material
Leaven! This shows that life is opposed to a new
and comes constantly under its destruction.
That it is a cold state is no constant to
Reason & morality than to true Philosophy —
That miracle or miracle we call life is in a
constant state between the power above men-
erated & Death - & the state lasts in some cases
for 30, 40, 70, or an hundred years, and is
temporary victory of the forces of constitution
the living state of animals over the cause comb-
ining to prolong it —

In countries where the language is such as if I
were entering into a deserted wilderness with-
out a guide to direct me — There has not
been a complete system of language written —

Baird's observations are correct and in-
correct by no means limited to the present
state of Medicine - Moller has collected a
few

one. I have not seen him - I have seen a number
lost in grain - I have seen a number published a
System of Pathology - it is in a manner with the
immortal Pathology of his master to be of any use
to medical Students - I will therefore endeavor
to go through this volume, without a guide, with
out a compass & shall follow the main marks
the System which I have learned is founded on prin-
ciples of my own. The Proximate cause of disease

The causes of disease I have divided into
Remote & Preceding - Exciting & Occasional
& Proximate - or the disease it Self - They are
all links of one chain. Let me illustrate
this - Cold is the remote cause of an infl-
ammatory fever, which is brought on by the
true power of cold acts as the Preceding
cause - Exposure to the heat of a stove room
the Venereal Symp or exercise the Exciting or
occasional cause - The irregular or convul-
sive action of the Arterial System is the Prox-
imate cause or the disease it Self - I will
repeat it again, the Cold is the remote cause -
the debility of arteries the Preceding cause

cause — the action of a warm Room or warm
air — the exciting or occasional cause
while the irregular anticonvulsive action
induced by them on the blood vessels is the
proximate cause or disease of itself —

The fever heat & thirst are evidences in
fevers are only the Signs or Symptoms of the
disease or proximate cause — These signs
and of disease I shall not mention in my
etiology, but add it till the practice of
the

In treating the febrile action
is a word laid down in our Philosophy &
a well known to cause of disease —
before this I shall lay down a few general
propositions —

I — The disease when a predisposing de-
bility, then from remote & local actions
excited — Febrile Contagion does not induce
disease without its being preceded by debility
and comes in quick Perception the exciting
and proximate cause — The predisposing debi-
lity is of the 3rd kind — it is — between

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Harmonization & Grace would not be like? &
rather in the way - But are the effects of
error itself - there is no positive evil in error
itself - it is an indirect problem of the Spirit
of Truth - Good & Evil - not both of them are
created but are created by attention to
the things of the heart - are no more
... is ... as positive evils? & ...
are - the ... of a ... - the
error itself ... is ...
... in our
... and ... is an evil only
from Error itself - in our Noble it is useful
in guiding us into the ... that
disturb our ... But are not these positive
evils? no they are probably necessary for ...
evil ... and are evils by being
... -

Let us next examine into Moral Evil
created in the mind - this is the Physical Evil
consists in debility it is of a negative nature
it consists in the absence of the strength or
power

Power of the will may be better considered as
disorder, the effect of disease - in contemplating this
subject I have been led to compare the mind to a mag-
nificent fabric filled with furniture useful & orni-
mental - Supported by a Pillar (the will) the whole
fabric falls to the ground in disorder - The happy
chord which we want to enchant us by its tones in
the harmony - now emits discordant harsh sounds either
by its being broken on its top or its chords being
broken - The Spina & other interiors are of
a more use, now lacerate our fingers by the
cuttings of their angles -

This Quaker does not arise from any
more principle into accident ~~misfortune~~ ~~misadventure~~ For
example the will at this time is no positive evil
it is only the reunion of the love of Self, that mind -
the common man with his creator remain an
evil - It is merely a principle of sign-
the must from the ~~containing~~ & lodged in the
Imagination - Love is not a mere but a disor-
dered circulation - The love of love is merely
a wrong direction of the same ~~immortal~~ ~~will~~
a wrong - - - direction - - -

innumerable are the cases of B. L. 2. Cases of 12
more could be numbered in all its variety of
forms & combinations

II. The second is my next proposition & is
1st that debility is the universal predisposing
cause of disease — 2nd that in debility there
is an increase of excitability — or an increased
disposition to be acted on by Stimuli. 3^d
that debility makes morbid action, or a dis-
eased species of Excitement. This is not a
new opinion, as Dr. Hoffman hints at it when
he says "Morbus dignus Spasmo" — it is
merely what he meant by it — The Electric vol-
tates not more certainly make the Legitimate
than debility does morbid action — in this
irregular or wrong action I have said there
consists — excitement may be excessive yet it is
be irregular no disease exists as in running
down a violent exercise the blood vessels and
Nerves are here highly exerted, yet excitement is of
a regular kind and of course regular — now
differ from Dr. Brown who makes a case to
consist in debility

4th Diseases are always partial - I know of
no disease wh^{ch} at the same time affects every
part of the System - in Fever it is confined
to the blood & is generally - in Plethora is the
blood of parts of the System particularly - In Dys-
entery to the Bowels & the Liver ^{then} the Liver
even disease consists of unequal excitement
& the nature of the excitement is con-
sisting in excitement in wh^{ch} Health consists
Dr. Will's has called this to be the
Animal Spirit wh^{ch} is diffused through the System
irregularly - The first use of Electricity was
here applied - Some parts may be considered in-
tense in power - others of nervous. The Shock wh^{ch}
comes on by the discharge of the Electric fluid
into the nervous system - e.g. the hands &c. as
lightning on vegetation - 5^{thly} the irregular excite-
ment shows it self in force & vicinity of action
this is sometimes excessive - as in Tetanus the
force of action is great - Sometimes in Pain
as I before said is merely one Symptom of ex-
citation and not universal - This Symptom
not universal several diseases are not accompanied
by

to it - as I believe & believe it is no more
necessary to know than that a heart is never -

In diseases of the lungs there is more pain than
in diseases of the liver simply as they possess little
sensitivity & much contractibility -

III I have now arrived at my last proposition - in
a former publication I have asserted there is but
one fever in the world - this will settle among
you - but with full confidence in the principles
& truth, I now add that there is but one life -
are in the world and that consists in irregular
excitement or morbid & wrong action which
or which he is in the blood vessel names. All
these are caused by sympathies till I maintain
that there is but the one state of disease - you
shall know of the one state of disease you will
see mentioned that much trouble will be
saved in the study of medicine - all diseases
have one immediate cause - wrong or con-
tracted action - in fever this is seated in the blood
vessels but it has been said not obstructions
disease? no. but are the signs of disease but by reacting
from each other a cause of disease - I have

I now call this ^{inflammation} or consequence of
disease - Thus the matter effused in the
vitreous is not the cause of the disease it
is the effect of the diseased action in the brain.
In the like manner the swelling of the liver.
Success Hepatitis is not the cause but the
effect of the inflammation in that viscus -
were these disorders, true death it is by a
reaction on the System - there are 3 kinds
of one brain for the predisposing ability &
the morbid action or irregular excitement &
2d is order of the effect of this action -

In are comprised all
that is useful in the writings of the moralists
Aron, Sugar, Boerhaave, Linnæus, Cullen, who
have divided Diseases into classes. genera - orders
& species - It is painful to me to suffer from
such great pain - but I prefer true truth to
all error - my abridgement of Boerhaave are 1st it is
concise 2nd it is instructive - & 3^d it is
entirely to the point of Practice - 1st it is
concise. Diseases can not be divided so accu-
rately into genera & species as their symptoms
change

...ance almost constantly into each other -
... must arise from this cause - they cannot -
... & ... after alternate - Plants and
... as he claps into ... & ... for
... never change into each other - The ... heard
of an ox crawling onto a Lion or an oak tree to
a Lion bark? but the symptoms of disease con-
stantly vary - 2^d - I say it is impracticable
to classify diseases in a plant - they change their
seat & symptoms & all their appearances that we
might as well pretend to classify into genera animals
which a storm according as it was raised by thunder
or lightning by rain or without rain or without
wind with hail or snow or without them - as to
class diseases under different names as they appear
in different parts of the body - ...
... ... alternate

2^d The predisposing cause is ... debility ...
debility may be ... or ... - 3^d The
exciting cause must be an ... or ... -
the symptoms of ... may vary according to
Several circumstances of the exciting cause - ...
... eating or drinking ... or ... & the
disease

disorder is nearly the same again the same
excellent cause will produce different symptoms
2) the system is more or less in and particular
symptoms - [a clear or 2 of which - Carter -
says it is a very excellent cause for a unit unit
then of ideas from which causes are ingested
to the mind] eye it is necessary to the
practice of the eye in the first place are dis-
order comes in the same way by producing a dis-
order in the eye which the symptoms appear in the
eye and the eye is the more the more the more
the eye is caught by a gentle stimulus - in its for-
ward state the person is able to see a person
well before he is able to see by yellow light
other diseases it would remain in working the
eye in warm water - a gentle heat or the like
it equalizes the unequal excitement - this
is done by directing to the mind the cause
as much as possible as it sees the disease in its
forming state

the remedy is the invention of a person who
in numerous conditions should have in force
mind to the importance of the ~~the~~ heart
the heart

4th Fear of disease - This we know is more dangerous
is ~~deeper~~ apprehended from diseases of the brain
than of other parts & is of the nature of a more long-
evous in Romanical treatment than in the humoral
[more cautious in expectation and slower when vital
parts are affected - - - - -] Forth prognosis, he can
not dispute among physicians] This system will
not render the practice of surgery less sublime or
in caution it will increase the necessity of frequent
consultations with morbidists who prescribe from the
name of a disease with more not less frequent
among them who derive from the state of the system
Disease appears in several forms viz 1st in
convulsive action as in Epilepsy and In Spasm
as in asthma - Spasm is either tonic or ~~clonic~~ -
the first is constant as in tetanus the 2nd is alt-
ernate - 3rd ^{In} Great heat either external or internal -
as the skin remains flaccid & cool -
4th in Great itching on the skin - which comes
in arms - In the Venereal disease - 5th in
the attack which is sudden & severe

... as in ...
2nd in what I have called Suffocated excitement
where all irritation & sometimes sensation ceases
this as I have here often mentioned is the worst
form in which disease can appear - in these
cases the abstraction of blood induces a ...
... in the pulse - it occurs in forms of
the most malignant type - This Suffocated
excitement as I have called it appears to
have its seat in the blood vessels - each of
the above forms of Morbid action appears in
some part of the System - occasionally the
limbs each appear to have peculiar spots which
most commonly are ... This the ...
I mentioned as the 4th form of Morbid excitement
most generally occurs in the ... & ... in
the ... - has observed it to be a Sym-
ptom of the ... - ... usually occurs in
the ... & ... - ... certain that
pain varies according as it is seated - thus it is
acute in membranous parts - Dull & heavy in
arenaceous parts - Concretions in ... -
... & ... in the ... -

more we know that it is not an effect of
some disease it is a cause therefore for nosologists
to say each of the terms in the medical action app
ears as a cause & effect & disease & it is a
a sort of poem - I exclude colic from the
form of circumscribed action & it depends on the
distraction or excitement - it may be removed
by bleeding in acute cases - Indigestion of
considered as an effect of morbid action it is a 2^d
indication of Excitement - In it there
is error too, this always occurs in inflammation
but it is not the cause of it - In violent mor-
bid action inflammation does not take place -

Morgan mentions several cases of blood at death
where there was no inflammation this is in the
form of morbid action - It occurs too in the
suppression - I have been called a bronchian
but this is a false assertion - By the way
suppression all means to remove it from the

I deny ability to be a disease at all & it is
merely a state of the system, a mere cause
of disease - It is a mere disease of the system
is into sthenic & to asthenic - I deny

The minerals of I Loch & how compare
in content equally various and common
and consisting of equal number of elements
all of which are joined in a single mass

My Friend Govt. will relieve you of the
noise & weight of the hundred Rees —

[illegible][illegible]

[illegible]

of disturbance from accident is uncommon
in nursing - But the too practice of work-
ing new born infants with ancient Shirts
wine de

22 - This custom is very prevalent but I am
always hear your testimony against it - it causes
indirect debility - wine or even tea & water are too
stimulating - when there is little exercise & washing
the infant in pure water - the humidity of
the air is sufficient to induce measles in the winter
But when measles occurs the pain is violent but
a little fear of the mother either by excess in
quantity or unsuitableness of quality - but the
great use of acid substances & very strong drinks
and the fear that all act by inducing indirect debility
- The first step of treatment is to make a
change - light food - light sweetening berries &
in more advanced case purgatives & more or less tight
articles of diet act as remote causes of disease -
the fear of the mother or more it the child will
not reason intelligently on the matter of the diet -
the diet as here has a stronger influence on
the child & is cause on the health of the child
children have had cholera from the same cause as in
measles some good & some bad an instance of
death induced in the child by the nurse using
a great deal of rum -

abundant frequently subjects the nerves of children
with the use of ancient herbs allows & mitigates
certain pains with the children are often affected
after act as remote causes of disease in them
this is a bad practice - & the more extensive
education is required today - especially the associa-
tion of children, makes it a more difficult
subject - this is absurd in parents but Schools
are attended with other inconveniences - a
close crowded room - The tyranny of a school
master - this last influences the mental, nerves
of children as well as various malik - I have
been called to many children brought home sick
from a close school room and moreover as
often attended corrupt school masters -
often the amusements of children expose them
not only to accidents but also the contraction
of various diseases as running jumping &c
and then with the heat and arms &c &c - instan-
ces have arisen of the reception of worms from this
source as also from other contusions &c &c I know
an instance of a ruminant mother who I think
died in the sea in consequence of which a
very dangerous

... nursing in old age but till
... heat ...
... stimulus it acts on all animals -
... different degrees of heat
... think the limitative is 22° or 23° ^{even} lower
to some animals ^{at} stimulating - as 75° for
man - heat and cold are relative terms the
thermometer - both are uniform -
... elevation beyond the point of 75° ...
on the arterial system - it induces a languor
and debility associated with an increase of exci-
tability ... and disposition to be acted on
by stimuli - It never acts as a cause of
fever in this way when it is chronic or has
been continued - The West Indians being continu-
ally exposed to the heat of a tropical sun but not
to a languor & prostration - It is ...
... in other accompanied by ...
... - it induces what is termed ...
... & ...
... at ... - at some times at
... - ... it ...
... - Inflammation ...
... -

The disease - can be traced to the fact - 3rd and 4th are
the same - the moults are typical of the
fl. - these are all common in the
warm - 1st - 2nd - 3rd - 4th - 5th - 6th - 7th - 8th - 9th - 10th - 11th - 12th - 13th - 14th - 15th - 16th - 17th - 18th - 19th - 20th - 21th - 22th - 23th - 24th - 25th - 26th - 27th - 28th - 29th - 30th - 31st - 32nd - 33rd - 34th - 35th - 36th - 37th - 38th - 39th - 40th - 41st - 42nd - 43rd - 44th - 45th - 46th - 47th - 48th - 49th - 50th - 51st - 52nd - 53rd - 54th - 55th - 56th - 57th - 58th - 59th - 60th - 61st - 62nd - 63rd - 64th - 65th - 66th - 67th - 68th - 69th - 70th - 71st - 72nd - 73rd - 74th - 75th - 76th - 77th - 78th - 79th - 80th - 81st - 82nd - 83rd - 84th - 85th - 86th - 87th - 88th - 89th - 90th - 91st - 92nd - 93rd - 94th - 95th - 96th - 97th - 98th - 99th - 100th - 101st - 102nd - 103rd - 104th - 105th - 106th - 107th - 108th - 109th - 110th - 111st - 112nd - 113rd - 114th - 115th - 116th - 117th - 118th - 119th - 120th - 121st - 122nd - 123rd - 124th - 125th - 126th - 127th - 128th - 129th - 130th - 131st - 132nd - 133rd - 134th - 135th - 136th - 137th - 138th - 139th - 140th - 141st - 142nd - 143rd - 144th - 145th - 146th - 147th - 148th - 149th - 150th - 151st - 152nd - 153rd - 154th - 155th - 156th - 157th - 158th - 159th - 160th - 161st - 162nd - 163rd - 164th - 165th - 166th - 167th - 168th - 169th - 170th - 171st - 172nd - 173rd - 174th - 175th - 176th - 177th - 178th - 179th - 180th - 181st - 182nd - 183rd - 184th - 185th - 186th - 187th - 188th - 189th - 190th - 191st - 192nd - 193rd - 194th - 195th - 196th - 197th - 198th - 199th - 200th - 201st - 202nd - 203rd - 204th - 205th - 206th - 207th - 208th - 209th - 210th - 211st - 212nd - 213rd - 214th - 215th - 216th - 217th - 218th - 219th - 220th - 221st - 222nd - 223rd - 224th - 225th - 226th - 227th - 228th - 229th - 230th - 231st - 232nd - 233rd - 234th - 235th - 236th - 237th - 238th - 239th - 240th - 241st - 242nd - 243rd - 244th - 245th - 246th - 247th - 248th - 249th - 250th - 251st - 252nd - 253rd - 254th - 255th - 256th - 257th - 258th - 259th - 260th - 261st - 262nd - 263rd - 264th - 265th - 266th - 267th - 268th - 269th - 270th - 271st - 272nd - 273rd - 274th - 275th - 276th - 277th - 278th - 279th - 280th - 281st - 282nd - 283rd - 284th - 285th - 286th - 287th - 288th - 289th - 290th - 291st - 292nd - 293rd - 294th - 295th - 296th - 297th - 298th - 299th - 300th - 301st - 302nd - 303rd - 304th - 305th - 306th - 307th - 308th - 309th - 310th - 311st - 312nd - 313rd - 314th - 315th - 316th - 317th - 318th - 319th - 320th - 321st - 322nd - 323rd - 324th - 325th - 326th - 327th - 328th - 329th - 330th - 331st - 332nd - 333rd - 334th - 335th - 336th - 337th - 338th - 339th - 340th - 341st - 342nd - 343rd - 344th - 345th - 346<

[illegible]

It is not possible to know - but it is certain
that the effect of heat is to increase the
action of the system -

Thus we have considered the effects of heat
acting on the body under ordinary circumstances but
the action varies if the system has been previously
exposed to cold or rather and more certainly
and with more force - inducing preternatural
excitement - thus a heat of 77° which occurred on
the 17th of March 1791 was followed in the City of
Philadelphia with universal Languor & im-
potion - and this heat occurred
longer & longer it seems more keen but incessant
stimulation - Intermittent fevers are caused by
a succession of heat - a vulgar saying that
a green chrysomel makes a hot churchyard
is well founded - I have known the same effect
of contrast of rendering changes of temperature more in-
cipient as in the case of sudden hot weather -

Boissiere informs us in travels that a German
at Naltes who carried the Mercury in the
thermometer from 112° to 80° the inhabitants ran into
their houses & put on warm clothing - now his
temperature in summer if it had not been so
sudden would have been very hot - I mention

Ammonia also & there are entire relative heat
and are - the common sensation of heat & cold,
in relation to the body, are - this is more effica-
cious the case is the weather is moist - uniformly but
warm weather is not the same measure much the
effect of heat & cold - the commonest summer & the
winter seasons of the year as neither summer nor winter
but are the extremes - the summer at Rome in
1756 was the warmest of any in the recollection of the
inhabitants and it was the hottest - all the disor-
ders were nearly complete but in autumn there was
an appearance of a tedious time - this was a disease
generated in one season & appearing in another -
that long continued produces an immobility of
cold - hence the west Indians & the Spaniards require 2
or 3 years to cool them when they arrive in
the United States - the cold better
than the natives -

They are able to live in a degree of heat 20
or 30 or more degrees of heat above our own
temperature with out inconvenience - the reason
of this I reported and given on the subject of ani-
mal heat - I think be the effect of heat

as above enumerated
that it may be asked if the men originally in
live in a warm climate - Paradise? It was un-
der the enervating sun of Egypt that the an-
nals had their origin & flourish - and it is not
improbable that the greatest instances of Longevity
have been observed - I answer with the
experience of the Indies by reason & experience no
other aid is necessary to attain Longevity -
The aborigines of this country from their sim-
ple diet and dress are not subject to diseases
so fatal ⁱⁿ to civilized life - From Africa peo-
ple grow old men from this cause - for their
life is fatal to the essential faculties of the
human whose mode of life differs so materially
from theirs - The same observations obtain in
Jamaica - their climate is fatal to Europeans
who resort there unless they accommodate their man-
ner of living to the climate - In warm coun-
tries, the Inhabitants live according to reason -
Dr. Ferrius informs us that the Spaniards who
live at Madrid by keeping close in the house
during the heat of the day and communicating
himself in the air and to the weather this

drinking & exercise is
convenient from the excessive heat of the summer
- I conclude then that most diseases arising from
heat are the effects of an error either in diet or
or the exercise at the time - Some errors
Laid -

The effects of heat are different as it is
accompanied with moisture & dryness. To show
this the heat of the air in Arabia. Travellers
who have to pass over the deserts of Arabia will
at a house with water through which the air passes
the heat is much more refreshing -
At Water placed on a stove in a close room abor-
ates the unpleasant effects of close stove rooms
It would seem as if a certain portion of Water
were necessary to respirable air - The effects of
heat when joined to moisture seldom are mor-
bid when the heat is less than that of the
body - Dr. Keil.

Winttingham has observed that Summers uniform-
ly rainy and moderately warm are the most
healthy - a moderate moist air is peculiarly

peculiarly adapted to give the face an handsome
color - hence in Ireland & England where more
rain falls in the course of a year than in any
other part of Europe the skin is remarkably
rosy -

Cold is a negative quality - acts only
by abstracting the Stimulus of heat - Cold has
been supposed to act as a stimulus - but this
is an error which has arisen from the increase
of excitability which occurs in debility brought on
by cold its action is uniformly Sedative -
1st Sedative action is evident 1st from the
debility induced by the action of cold on the
System - Laborers & Travellers in cold seas
insure to this - 2nd I infer it from ~~the~~ from
the Stomach weakness and even absence of pulse
followed by weakness, stupor & death in
persons exposed to it - The Pulse beats only
40 strokes in a minute on awakening -
this is a clear indication of debility & sedation -
3rd from the effect of the application
of cold to the skin in inducing a
tingling sensation and even excitation in the

increases ~~increasing~~ direct debility - as in Mania
Small Pox &c in which it induces morbid action

Here it may be said that it acts as a Stimulus
in Cases of hot weather by bracing the System
as a Tonic - but cold air in these cases acts
merely by abstracting the Stimulus of heat which
induces indirect debility - this removing of indirect
debility has been mistaken for the effect of
Sedative action - To illustrate this let us suppose
the weather point to be 75° now supposing
the indirect debility produced by heat to be 95°
the cold air by abstracting 20° reduces the sys-
tem to a healthy point - from its indirect de-
bility - I wish you Genl to take noti-
ce of this fact - it is of extensive application
in practice -

Let us now attend to the operations
of cold on different parts of the system -
on the arterial system Cold induces irritability
& accumulated excitability - and increase of
the ^{irritability} of the muscular fibres, in-
disposing them to all kinds of spasms - It in-
duces also a painful limitation in the Heart

Great as the academicians experience it is
near the North Pole - 2nd It induces an indispo-
sition to motion in the organs of voluntary
motion - Tho' the action of the involuntary
muscles are increased if any thing - Hence we
say that man in the warm countries was
designed to be the Slave of those in cold climates
The wills of the former are not active & must
be according to other peoples wills - 3rd Cold
diminishes the Sensibility of the nerves - It
produces when intense a Lull pain in the
Sleep - & Death - 4th Cold mitigates the
appetite for food - Horses eat more in cold than
in warm weather - 5^{thly} it ^{decreases} ~~increases~~ the
animal appetite - Perhaps this may arise in
cold countries from the difficulty of procuring
subsistence for a numerous family of children
6th Cold renders sweating difficult and by stopping
perspiration causes an increase of urine
- Cold is supposed to be unfavorable to Vis-
ion - This may perhaps arise from the reflec-
tion of Solar Rays from the Snow which
are always attended with winter - Cold is said

is in the case of some - in the case of some
works on weak Solids & partly on vitiated fluids -
resulting in some cases from want of exercise &
perhaps the cold may influence but I rather think
are that some other causes combined with the cold
in this case - There remains an other operation
as cold on the body when carried beyond the
degree producing pain - a red color of the skin
appears similar nearly to that of Petechiae
in dead bodies - it is produced by the denuding
of the vessels which allow the blood to rush into
them and gives the red color - In a still
greater degree it produces gangrene or a total
disorganization of the part - Cold has a
powerful influence in reducing the size
not only of plants but of living animals
The arrow from this cause is but a just
light - Cold acts most powerfully during
the night or in the night - Sailors, sailors
& the laboring poor are well acquainted
with this fact. Nautical writers notice this
Death from cold after Shakespeare generally
comes on in the night -



Some most diseases come on in the night -

Cold has a curious action on the ulcers at times making them worse when they are nearly healed -

These are the effects of cold in ordinary circumstances but by alternation with heat they are increased - It predisposes to bilious fevers when it succeeds the heat of August - The abstraction of 20 or 30° of heat destroys the equilibrium of excitement & excitability and thus invites morbid action & induces direct debility just as the abstraction of blood or any other stimulus - Cold acts as a sedative in stopping the perspiration wh is an effect of imminent debility from heat - The yellow fever is increased by cold unless it be intense enough to destroy the miasmata wh produce it. Weather wh is uniform. Cold is always healthy. In Canada disease is common during the cold weather but on the return of warm weather diseases return - Dr. Latham makes the same observations of Russia a Catarrh is unknown in that country.



Scanty during cold weather - Partridge says
in some of Norway - Inflammatory fevers never
come on till the Spring - In these cold countries
Inflammatory fevers generally run on to the Gang-
renous ~~State~~ putrid State in which the System
does not react - These diseases are general in
winter and not brought forth till Spring -

Cold Long continued produces an insensibility
to heat - hence the inhabitants of Northern Nations
bear heat much better than we do - but
this insensibility is lost to every succeeding
Summer in the same manner as cold -

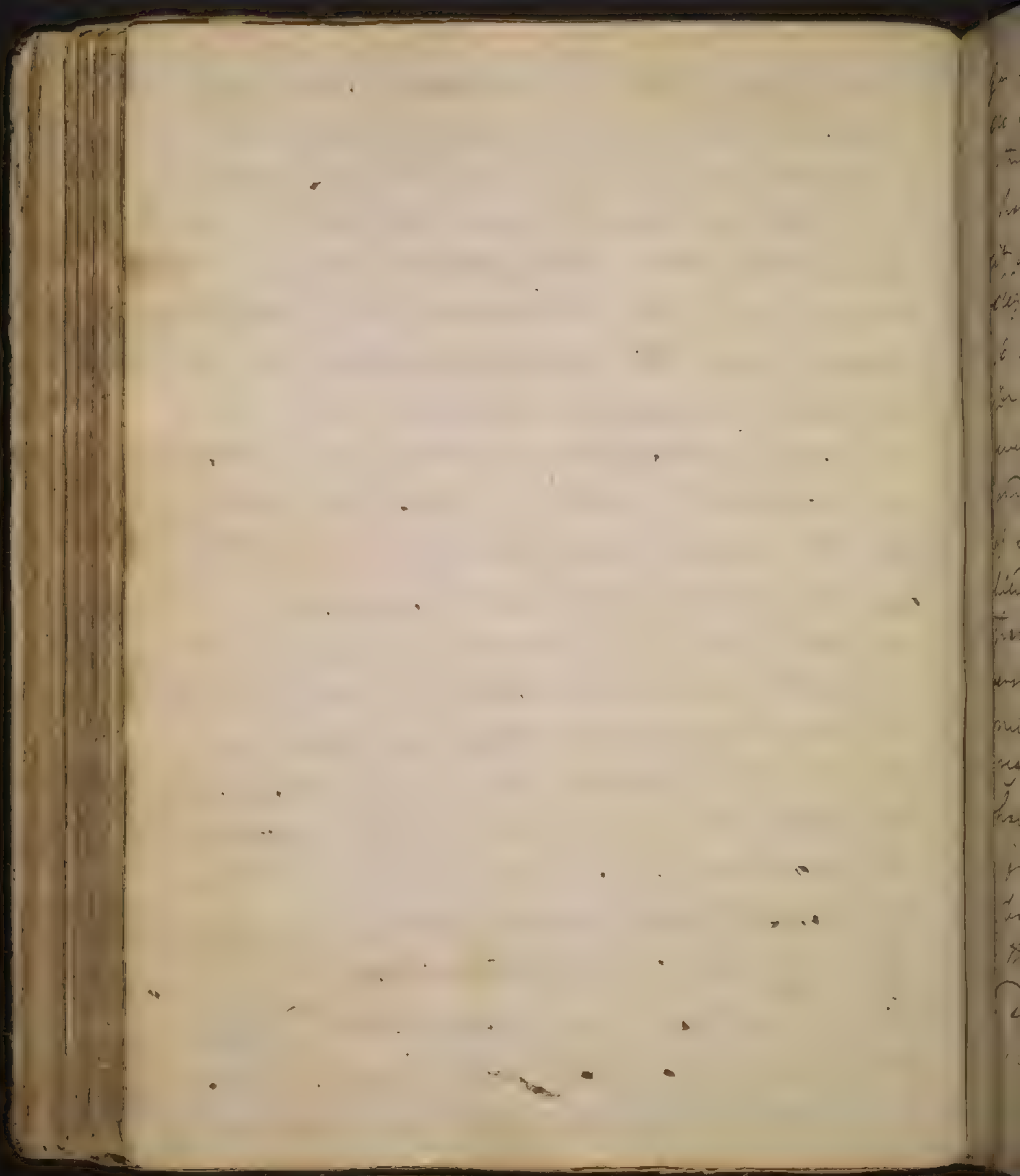
Persons who endeavor to render themselves
insensible to cold resemble the Gladiators who
endeavored to teach his horse to live with-
out eating - but just as the animal learns
he dies -

Heat succeeding cold of that dura-
tion causes Gangrenous or highly Malignant
fevers - Jan Swieten takes notice of
this - The Plague is often excited in
this manner - Cold is not influenced
by the vicinity to the Poles - ~~When~~



when persons live by reason & experience
and clothe them selves suitably thus experience no
ill effects from cold - Sir William Temple
says. Cold hardens the animal Spirits - In
Canada the cold is not felt so sensible as in these
States among the Inhabitants taking greater pre-
cautions against the influence of it - Thus have
their remedies double - their walls very thick
and never venture out of the house without
furs or thick clothing - According to Mr. Guth-
rie the Russians suffer less at home ^{from cold} than
the more Southern parts of Europe -

a Canadian Lady who spent a winter at
N. York informed me that she felt more cold
in one winter there than ever she experi-
enced at Canada during her life owing to
the alternations of heat and cold & Moisture
Inflammatory ^{Diseases} ~~diseases~~ were violent in the
time of Tydenham requiring blood letting as
they now do in the middle States - but
Luxury & effeminacy have corrupted & they
draw blood from England - and yet so prone
is man to imitation that we prescribe for



for the name of a Disease here just as they now
do in that Island - If our fellow citizens on
the Patomac do not bear bleeding so well as
those of the middle States - we must ascribe
it to indolence & Luxurious effeminacy - Dr
Bleghorn in Minorca seldom bleds up than
16 or 20 ounces in a pleurisy

Dr Mc quain bleds copiously in Jamaica
even when the pulse is scarcely perceptible
and Dr. Carr informs us that on the Island
of Santa Cruz a North west wind renders
bleeding more necessary from the sudden
transition in the temperature of the air. render-
ing the diseases more violent - It is not
necessary to say that we must be careful to
regulate clothes as the weather changes - I
have known thousands of people diseased
from too little and clothes - but never
but one instance from too much clothing
that was a case of Haemoptoeis thus in-
duced - The climate of the middle States & of
middle Latitude is not necessarily unhealthy -

- The -

Is also in the most detrimental to the Life of Man than any
other cause

the changes answer some useful purpose but this
require that we should be careful to accommodate
them

Lecture 2nd

Moisture means the nature of cold
as it acts in carrying off the heat of the body - in
England the Temperature at 30° is more sensible
felt than 40° at Philad^a owing to the moisture
in the air there - The Russian Soldiers who spent
a winter at Thorn^{agh} declared that the cold more
severely than they had come in Russia from
the moisture of the air - The coldness of the Clim-
ate at Holland is owing to the moisture of the air
The rivers & rhyons in the inhabitants to put on winter
clothing in the Summer as this summer 1811 was
summer - Cold acts more or less certainly
as it is applied to the whole or part of the body -
Thus cold has more frequent & various effects than
a more general exposure to cold - The coldness
of a Prussian on a patient here has been known
to induce Tubercles a current of air



air on the neck of a person who comes through a broken-
pane of glass often produces inflammation and Swelling of
neck - I knew an instance of Catarrh induced by
a young woman leaving off a Ribbon she had been accus-
tomed to wear round her cat - Cold does not act as
a stimulus in these cases but it attracts the stim-
ulus of heat, now it is a fact that the abstrac-
tion of one stimulus is always followed by an
increase of another - San blood & the Equilib-
rium being destroyed between excitability & ex-
citement - disease is induced - hence the reason
why partial application of cold acts more power-
fully than general as it tends more to destroy
this Equilibrium - Hence I never pres-
cribe for a patient with a chronic disease
without recommending the keeping the feet warm -
The feet & the mouth are the avenues for
almost every disease to which the human body is ex-
posed - The same degree of cold acts more
or less powerfully as it is accompanied by windy
or calm weather - I think I have observed
more Catarrhs after a spell of windy weather

Weather

In



Heather than when the weather is calm - It is not
the concentration of the heat of the sun by perspiration -

Thus we have considered the effects of the sensible
qualities of the atmosphere as far as relates to heat
and moisture & dryness - We go on and consider
the variety of their effects at different seasons of the year
the most usual in the country and cities - The follow-
ing list of Deaths during a period of 7 years in the
Parish of Noholas situated in Bretagne on the Sea,
Normandy France on 50° latitude published by Dr
Caillon will afford an Idea of the average number
of Deaths in the different seasons - in winter 365
in Summer 272 - in Autumn 357 - Spring
292 some it appears that the degree of mor-
tality is in the autumn - perhaps this might
have been in part caused by Marsh Miasmata
- In this climate disease prevails much less
in winter than it appears to have done in St. John's
also - The Spring & Summer were most healthy
and so thus generally are here - The Mortality of
each month in the year may be seen from the
following list extracted from the same work - In



In January in the same time 7 years 5th days
 39 girls 11 married Men 15 married women 12 widows
 18 widowers - Total 122 - in February 20 days 35
 girls 16 married Men 12 married women 4 widows
 4 widowers Total 111 - in March 22 days 27
 girls 9 married Men 9 married Women 12 widows
 13 widowers Total 122 - in April 30 days 31
 girls 17 married Men 13 married women 7 widows
 & 10 widowers - 108

In May 31 days 30 girls 10 married men
 14 married women 19 widowers -

In June 21 days 27 girls & M. Men - 11 M.
 Women 1 Widows - 0 widowers -

In July 22 days 23 girls 11 M. Men 9 M.
 Women - 2 widows & widowers -

In August 29 days 24 girls 18 M. Men
 11 M. Women 1 Widows 0 widowers

In Sept 26 days 25 girls 12 M. Men
 24 Married Women 3 widows & 3 widowers -

In Oct 23 days & 35 girls & M. Men &
 13 M. Women - 0 widows 5 widowers

In December 38 days 35 girls 20 M. Men
 13 M. Women 0 Widows 7 Widowers Total 122 -

28th Dec

...
...
...
This is not the case in the middle states unless
an influenza or other epidemic occurs which
prevails in case then - It is an fatal
to patients & causes a very serious complication
usually called pneumonia - Some & few
see the weather ^{at} months - the same action
is noticed - you can observe in England
London observes that the diseases of winter
spring & summer are the same and those of summer
but Thomas & Huxham make the same obser-
vations in different words - he says the diseases
of summer are the same with the winter
and the diseases of winter the same summer
- These various remarks that most cases
occur during the winter in winter all take
the nature of the intermission & continuing
There appears to be a kind of relation in
diseases that take in June & July as it were to
take breath or to change one set of designing
weapons for another -

Nature influences the diseases

diseases under local - Night air is from this
cause unwholesome - Mr. Bruce informs us that
his sailors at the arrival at night became cowardly
as the moisture rendered them chilly - Mr. Indian
says that catarrhs are almost always caught in the
in the exposure to Night air - Sore throat is a
very common way of taking cold, so much so that
it is a gallant thing to make love in a room & see

The enormous quantity of rain is the precipitation
of the dew from the upper regions of the atmosphere -

The malarious fever during its prevalence is more
frequent than during the evening than at any other
time - The dew begins to be heard about the 1st
of August in Pennsylvania during the year 1793
in the prevalence of the Yellow Fever Springs which
had been dry for 6 weeks were set running without
any rain having fallen - This fact I believe
has it from an intelligent farmer near this City.

During a continued continuance till a
severe frost or a very heavy rain either of which
check it - I am sure that it must be sufficient
to form ice these men do not seem to be
to check & rather increases the disease -

Slight rains have the same effect - & the reason I shall presently point out

I let us next proceed to the insensible qualities of the air as remote causes of Disease - The consent of certain impregnations of the air, and first of Marsh Effluvia - This is a fruitful source of disease - for the production of Marsh Miasmata two circumstances must coincide - ^{to produce the animal & vegetable matter} heat & moisture - the heat must be intense and continue some time - Moisture is necessary for no exhalation can take place from the ground - but it is also necessary that the moisture should be moderate - if it cover completely the surface of marshes nothing but pure water will exhale - Moisture and not Liquor is necessary or requisite some years ago the marshy grounds at the lower end of this city was inundated in April -

Many fishes & much animal & Vegetable matter was deposited on them - miasm was certainly exhaled after it - The heat in

in a month or so it was insufficient to induce
contraction — The fact was mentioned to me that
the Dr. was a small thing and he could not
explain — This want of heat must have been the
reason — Some years after this a similar observa-
tion was made in June when the weather was very
cool — I saw the lower extremities of the Dr. of
the time I mentioned to remark that the same matter
was continued and it did so — I saw that
could be reduced to more than the usual exhal-
ation taking place from tissues of water — Mr
Bruce in his Essay on the influence of rain in
the various seasons when the weather is more
and more wet water the country was about
the weather — Takzeli in his account of disease
observes that when a sufficient quantity of rain falls
to cover the surface completely with water
the seasons were remarkably healthy — but
a sufficient fall of moisture then is not
completely answering them diseases uniformly
arise — This fact is observed in the Dela-
ware State that whenever rain falls in suffi-
cient quantity to cover the surface

heavy rains & cover the ground prevent exhalation.

Miasmata is most common in the morning
and evening when the malarial effluvia descends
I have observed it here in this city most com-
monly in the middle of the day not middle of the
night - but in the morning & evening

an interesting question below the malarial miasmata
the new comers were not subject to Intermittent
the first year owing to the robust constitu-
tion resisting the effects of the miasmata

ground in regular use as there are healthy
in this state a few miles from the city
in the Neck as it is termed formed by the Dela-
ware & Schuylkill Rivers before their junction
the same thing happens & in the year 1703
when the weather was very intermittent & acute
in the Neck - Weather seasons are also different
on these circumstances - there are no ~~fixed~~
~~principles~~ ~~even~~ ~~in~~ principles with respect
to the quantity of Rain & Halls - and who render
the ground healthy or unhealthy - I have said
in the 4th Vol of my enquiries and observations
that heavy rain promoted exhalation - but as
this is only meant an heavy shower which acts
by invading the ground & then the forms over-
power and in this manner allows of the escape
of effluvia which were before confined - but when
this continues till there come those warmer weather
prevails - It was in Barbados that the fact
I mentioned in my 4th Vol. Vol. 1st edition and was
renewed in a letter from Dr. Dawson - The
direct Rays of the Sun are necessary for exhalation
of stordid miasmata - The

The beams, at an ^{11 1/2} ~~extension~~ distance as before
then ever cost extensive Masonry

These Bea-mata are said to proceed from put
in vegetables principally - animal putrefac-
tion does not generate it - They often putrify
in open air at least without producing dis-
ease - a certain smell comes from them - now
no smell is perceivable in the effluvia we are
tasting of - Perhaps this smell may be
described like the rattle of the Snake to
warn us of our danger and direct to Saurus
as if not perceived will generate disease

The purification of animal effluvia were suffi-
cient to generate Miasm effluvia Lisbon
-Edinburgh & Maine had long ago been depop-
ulated. Stables would not be permitted to
remain so near our dwelling houses as privi-
es ~~and~~ the like to be placed in our yards
But the fact is that Salutiferous Miasm is dis-
engaged in the purification of these substances
It perhaps neutralizes any miasm effluvia that
might otherwise exhale - Privies however
said to produce miasm - it may be explained

explained from the Vegetable offalls of Kichensthoven
into them -

The Substances which have been known to
produce disease by the impregnation of the atmos-
phere are as follows

1st Marsh & Miasmata proper so called from
arising from low grounds - 2nd Putrid babbages
have been known to discharge this gas & produce
disease - Dr. Rogers of Cork mentions a case of Put
rid Fever produced from this source - 3^d Putrid
Potatoes - an instance of disease produced from put-
rid Potatoes occurred on the Island of Tortola from
on board a ship 11 of 13 died & was the most hor-
rible case of the disease yet was a Maltese and Jew
4th Putrid pepper has produced disease - 5th Put-
rid Meal and certain seeds in a state of putri-
faction - 6th Barrow & arisled some disease
disease at sea - 7th Putrid onions - 8th Cattle
in a putrid state has generated yellow Fever -
twice in this town and at Kingston Jamaica
9th Putrid Cotton 10th Putrid Flax Hemp
Wool & Straw have severally been known to
induce disease - 11th Putrid Garbage & Soil &c



of hotels in a hole of the city have produced
in some yellow fever - 13th Walter looks
after houses & papers have been known to pro-
duce disease - a Diarrhoea from the cause was
traced in the whole family of the measures
of N. York - Walter mentions cases of disease
in his Bibliotheca induced by rotten timber as an
at Loghouse - it was a bilious fever and affected
2 or 3 persons exposed to its exhalations - That built
of green wood have been known to produce disease
Dr. Ferrius observed when Surgeon in the army
that for the first year in the salted beef
in huts they were remarkable in the weather - but when
the bark of the logs as the trees were consumed
began to putrify - when it did in the 2nd year, numer-
ous cases of disease bore witness of its unhealthy
exhalation - the same cause operates in new ships
Capt Bell informed me of a case of this kind -
on taking notice of it - Stagnating air in the
holds of ships frequently produces diseases at sea &
when they arrive in port - the same cause
operates in cellars frequently - This may in the
latter cases be removed by such means as is used in

in some and in some instances produce disease
by means of the water at least this is the opinion
of most - this was recommended by Dr Franklin
to drink water was frequently by its putridity &
stagnating in the holes of vessels generated around
the exhalation from tracks gutters &c. &c. &c.
in the same disease - Dr Priestley tells us of
a friend of his Dr - who was taken ill in con-
sequence merely of drinking a bowl of Stagnating
water - Duck Ponds & hog sties have pro-
duced disease - but I have never been sufficed near
our house & in my opinion near a house has
caused disease - a cold bill of weather will
sometimes kill these scums & a warm moist
weather succeeding causes them to multiply
contains animal substances as Peter Simon
told us - I have never seen one cure a whole
on the skin of Holland induced Bilious fever
In which case I believe it was some times been
ascribed to contagion but this is not the case
for it occurs when the Person did not die of
a contagious disease - also Peter Simon told us
that animal substances have induced it - & that

gibbon says much I am caused disease & infection -
as I trust it -

There are the principle sources of disease
from impregnations of the atmosphere -
on what part of the body do these efflu-
via act? They produce indirect debility in
the brain. Thus in some cases is so violent

that Insane & even Death have been the first
affection of them. May have been thus induced

They appear to act next on the alimentary
canal & Stomach - hence the discharge of
bile - hence Cholera, diarrhoea & other diseases of the
intestines - This teaches us the propriety of exhibiting
emetics ~~emetics~~ on the first signs of disease
from these sources - (and there is often con-
gestion of Bile in the gall bladder - the
morbid action of the Liver) The Liver is
more or less affected in all cases of fever & in
these sources - and there is often congestion of bile
in the gall bladder - the morbid action in
the Liver & inflammation induces an alteration in
the bile both as to secretion & excretion
Mr Galvani says that a bilious fever is

2nd in the spleen

6th in the kidneys -

4th in the lymphatic glands

in the skin producing eruptions sometimes as the

The Dark blood is arising to the absorption of
black bile into the blood

Given the same silver a station during for you
expand in these manner as you will be the cause
of the color of the blood -

was induced by introducing Hydrogene gas into the
Esophagus as a foie & tying it up - The bile in
some cases mixes with the blood and gives the
skin the yellow tinge observable in those
cases - 3^d by the act on the Nervous System
and brain producing ^{convulsions} headache apoplexy Palsy madness
& Death - Hence an other kind yellow fever
gathered in with convulsions - when these mi-
asmata act on the alimentary canal they
induce ability, Diarrhoea & Dysentary - They
have been said to act on the blood producing
that state wh has been called discoloured blood

but this Discrasia if I may be allowed
the expression is the effect of the action of the
blood vessels wh as it were pulls it to pieces

This has been very erroneously ascribed to
Putrefaction by Sydenham - he however observed
that this kind of blood occurs most commonly in
cases where Miasmata have been the remote cause

These Miasmata arise from the Earth in
the Morning - they are dissipated by the heat of
the Sun and ascend to the high parts of the
atmosphere in the evening they are recondensed

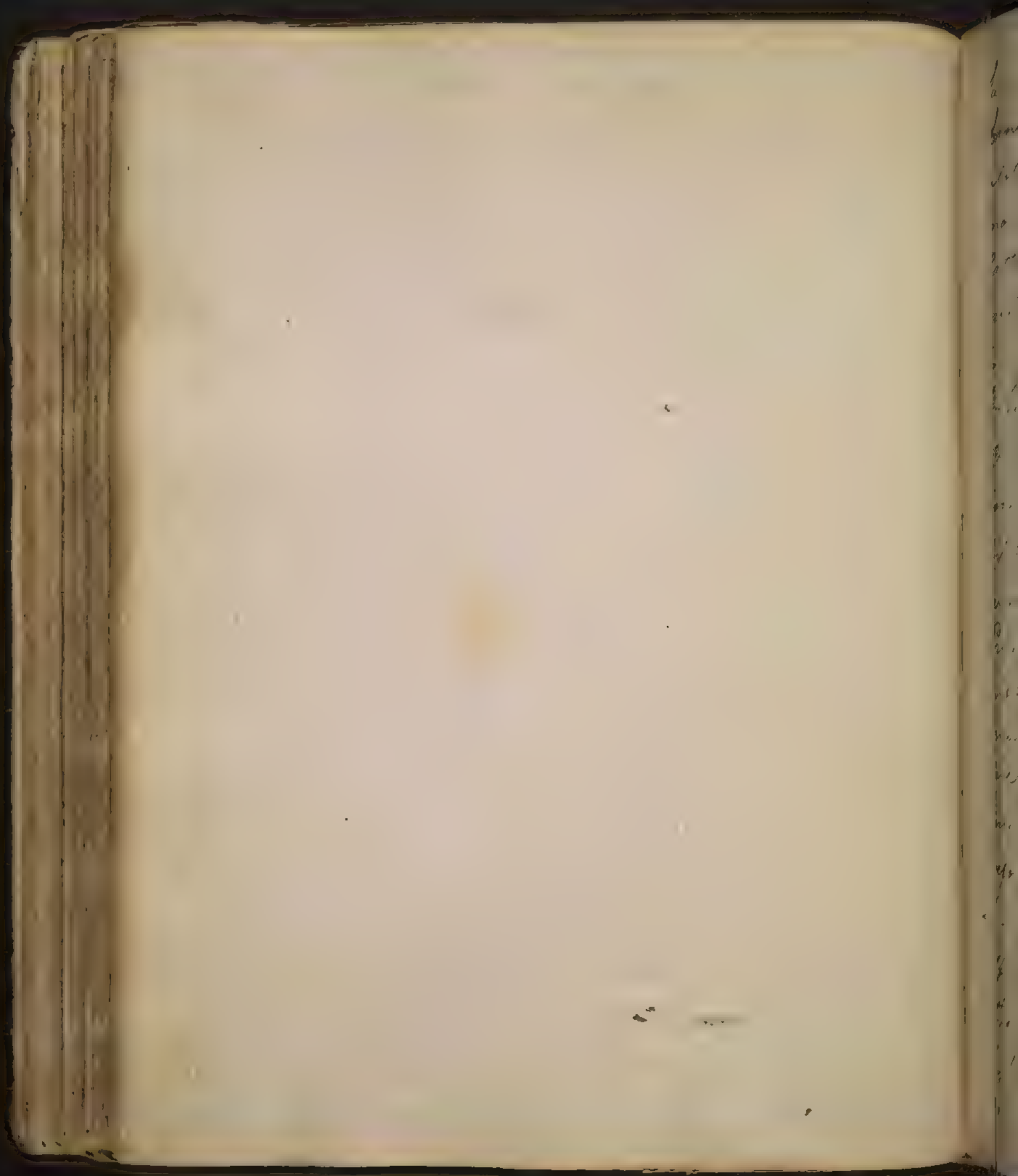


recondensed & dissolved in precipitation... the surface
of the Earth - that they have no influence - So that
the morning & evening are the only time they act

Are the Miasmata producing yellow fever the
same wh when acting on the vessels cause dysent
ery? I answer in the affirmative it produces
that different effect according as it is combined with
more or less moisture - Thus a Hill from the
foot of a Hill shall produce dysentery at the summit
but at the Hill and yellow fever at the foot of it

Mr Bruce has made this observation hence
the propriety of Sydenham calling it "febris mias
matica" this opinion is held by Sydenham, Boerhaave
Clarke & Bleghorn - not only dysentery but cholera
and cholera is the effect of this same cause - also
the bilious remitting & intermitting fevers but of
this more hereafter -

We proceed next to treat of animal
Miasmata & human Effluvia as remote causes
of disease - However Mortifying it may be to
the pride of ~~man~~ Man yet it is a fact that he
is under the necessity of emitting effluvia in every
disease - Thus are derived from the following

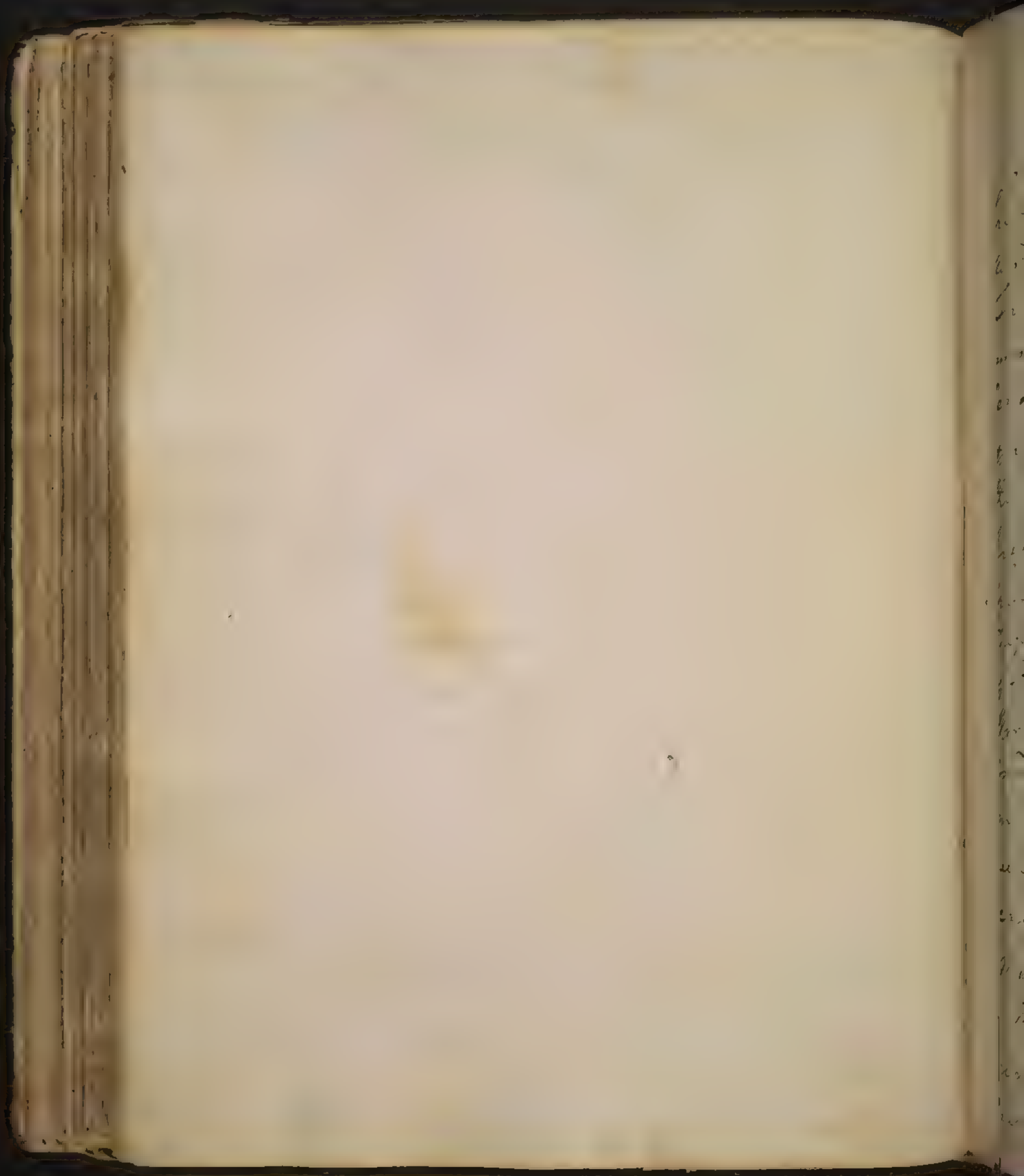


Amers - 1st want of bladders in use - leaving
Linen too long without washing - Mr. Green
relates numerous cases of disease brought on in this
manner. There is a difference between linen &
cotton in this respect. Linen requires to be changed
most frequently. The remark which I made in the
essay on the campaign of 1776 was proved by
a Rifle. Hunt in the winter then was -

2ndly confinement of numbers of people in close
rooms - hence disease as proved among the
inhabitants of Egypt who crowd together at the
over flowing of the Nile - in jails hospitals
prisons ships & the like - 3rd causes the disease
in even by the name of Ship ~~Pest~~ ^{Pestilence} & hospital
fevers - also at schools at some times have new dis-
eases - 3rd Law (up to) vegetable diet - The influ-
ence of food on the Excretion, of which I mention
before 4th from a putrid animal diet - 5th
from a scanty quantity of food - 6th from certain
affections of the mind - 7th from a mixture of
things together - Dr. Blane mentions cases of
Typhus from this cause - 8th from disease con-
fined in the American Army during the

The Disease formed in any of these ways we call
1

Its activity is the Cause of Disease in man.



(Lecture 25th)

The following circumstances deserve to be
recorded to in the history of Human Miasmata -
In the first place it is manifestly proved
and is more active in winter than in the summer
season - as was proved during the war -
The season was much milder in hospitals during
the summer than in the winter - The reason
probably is that in cases a miasmata are kept
out doors and winter and in miasmata
infective & become more active - as the house
in the summer & winter, miasmata were
killed in the year 1777 the last winter miasmata
and raged in April. the weather became warm
in May and the doors of the house and windows
were opened the miasmata disappeared & the dis-
ease disappeared entirely - on or about the 20th of
May however a cold spell of weather commenced
- the doors & windows had to be closed - the con-
sequence was that the fever came on again
with much vigor - I recollect it destroyed ~~2~~ of
trees

* ^{the} ~~James~~ & ~~James~~ -

* whole family suffered by it

... of Typhus ... from back wall
to ... after a person who has been ill of it he
left the room ... at the ...
and ... in the middle of the room
... the ... of the ...
... a contagious ...
... houses for a long while -

It is a curious circumstance that the ...
region of Typhus does not ... to ...
... nor to ... of ... - ...
ago noticed this fact - ... take in his
review mentions the ... also
in ... in ... he never ...
them ... as a ...
or ... - nor is ...

Dr. ... the same fact ...
... - a 3^d circumstance ... to is that
These ... are most powerful on a
debilitated subject & ... there are many
... the ... - some
... women & ... the ...
... - on the former ...
of ... - on the latter of the ...

prevents the abolition of the system but if the
 union is made as the women wish it they are liable
 to the disease - The circumstances of necessity concerning
 to remove the operation of these Miasmata seems as
 has been said it is to remove our filth to place the
 Miasmata at the Miasmata soon as the women
 for their making, will render them liable to relapse
 if exposed to the disease - After a relation present
 in some cases to Syphilis is ~~exposed to its influence~~

[illegible]

1120

9th - Disruption of mind

I cured the officers for bleeding - Purgative -

Next I cured of the Indians I gave took of the
attack of the disease

I have omitted writing on the Purgative & I am that
the patient has a common pericarditis to which I have
been the next cause of death

11th ... some ...
of the ...
Hospital & ...
interior - There are all one disease - it is pro-
duced at ... which is chronic & comes
on gradually frequently without being preceded by
a chill or fever or any very observable hemi-
onitomy ... action is first on the
arterial system which it quickens & renders irregu-
lar - It acts also on the stomach & alimentary
canal excites vomiting of bile & acidities of the
stomach - in a few cases ...

The ...
or ...
it is ...
body - Bubos swellings of the ...
... in some cases ...

From the ... a second grade of the
blood -

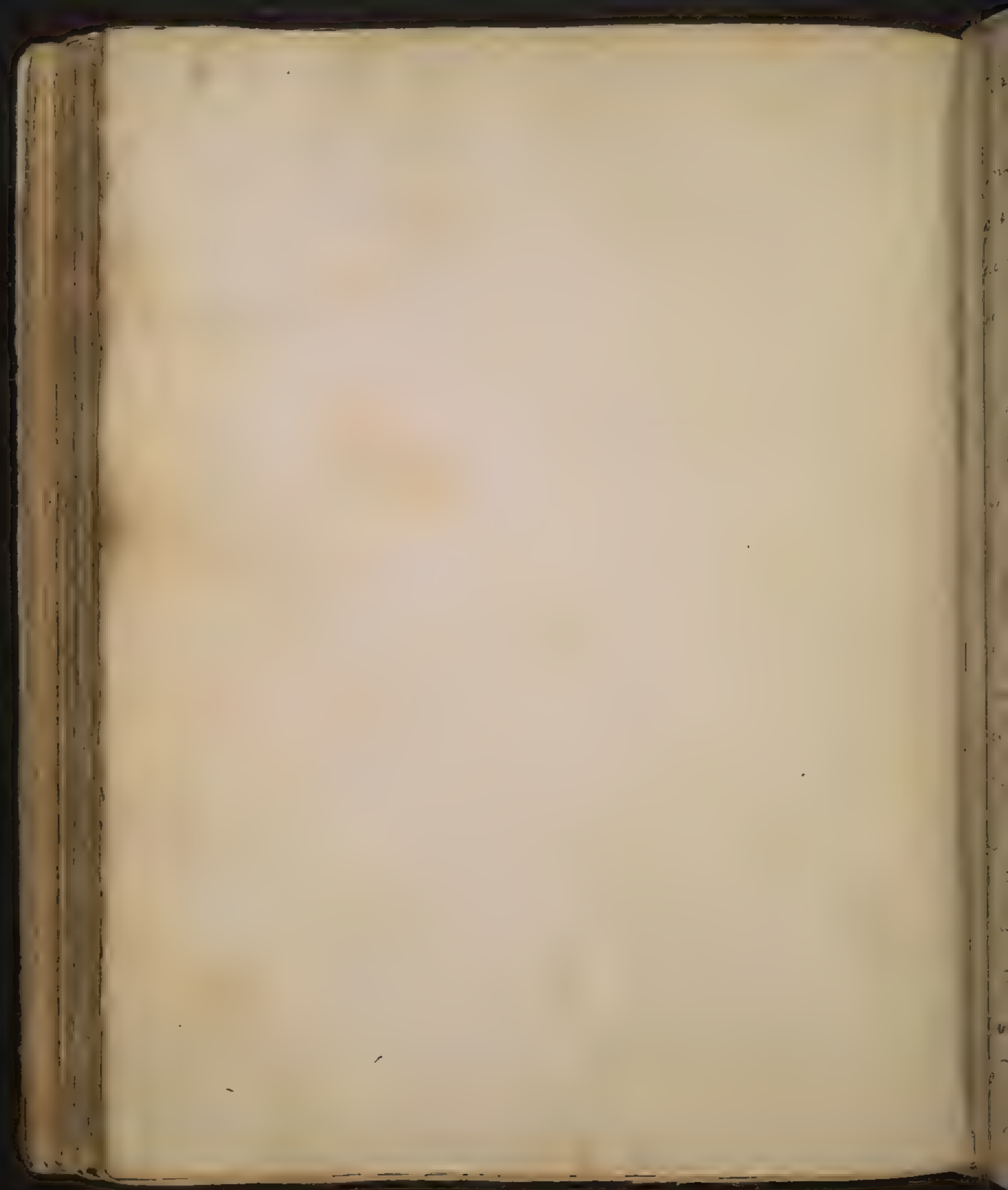
...
The cause - ...

Leino Musmatic Tunes 1

... in ... Dutton.

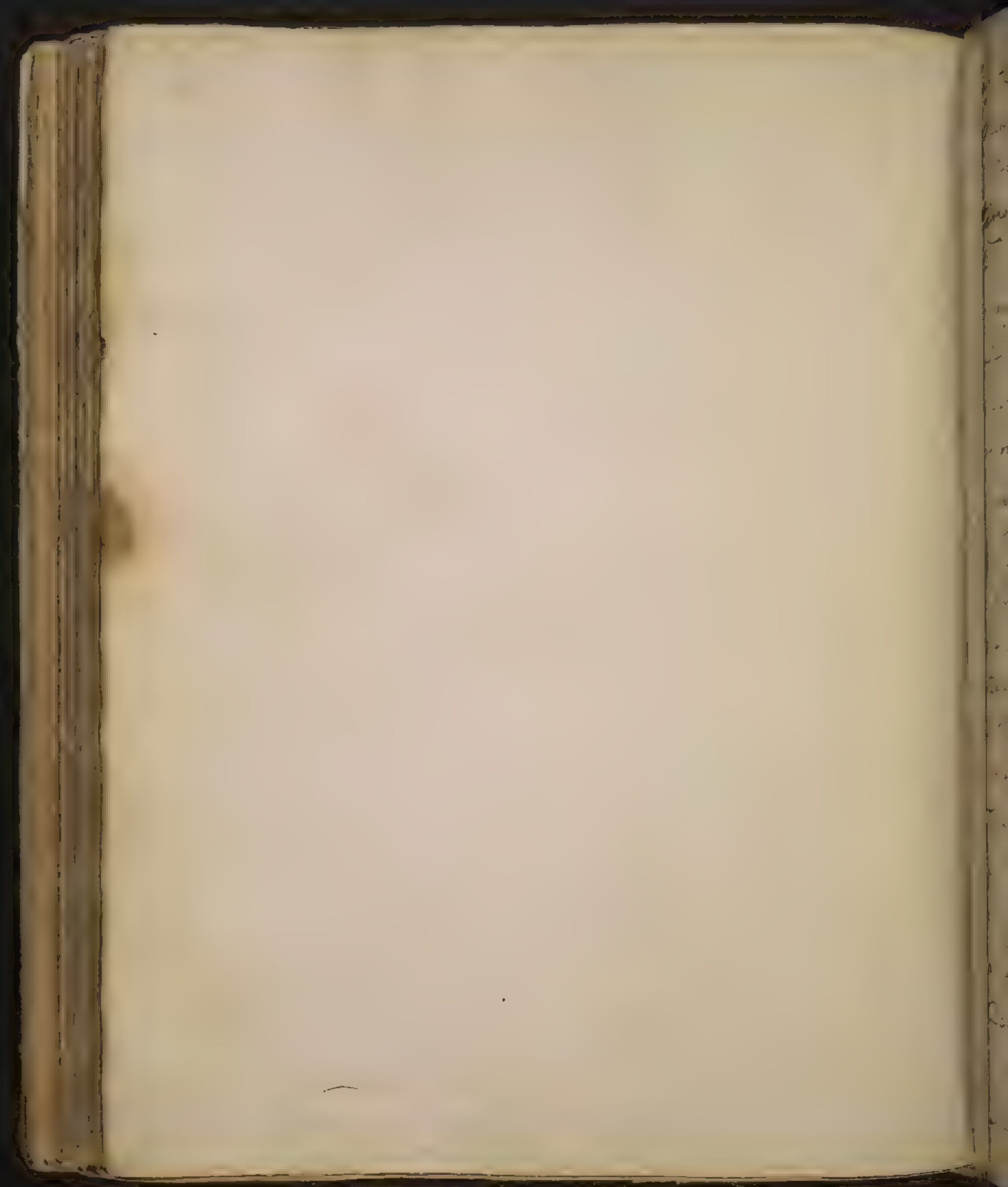
Salt (or fresh) ... the ... is best ...
... and enough ... together ...
... and keep it over a moderate fire and
stew them together as you want a
Salt Pye this dish is called Tom Mould
& rights - a most excellent ... to pork
... and all ... at the
same time -





In the List of Fevers from human Miasmata.
Now be added the *Influenza* ^{1st} ~~is~~ is an
inferior virus of *exigua* nature it is produced
from effluvia of living animals & Publishing
dead animal Matter - *Empirice* takes notice
of this -

where *exigua* nature occurs it is not
distinguished from the viruses called the North
Miasmata - 1st it remains at all seasons
of the year but more effluvia Spring & Sum-
mer where as a new fever, remains in autumn
& winter - In *exigua* there are no intermissions
as Corruption is true as in yellow fever -
and in this there is some discharge
of bile - 2^d from the action of *exigua* being
more moderate than that of the viruses produced
by earth & miasmata which occasion bleeding
through the prevalence of the virus in Spring & in
the year 1792 more than 6,000
died with this the action of the virus was so
feeble - 3^d *exigua* is contagious - Yellow fever
and *exigua* Miasmata are not - 4th
this may be known from a knowledge of the



of the remote cause - In autumn the Marsh
Mammata act most commonly -

Millions of men as they are termed are to be dis-
tinguished by 1st They are principally in 2nd position
2nd from Perceptions - a discharge of Bill - 3rd from
their marked action accompanying them thousands
4th from being in the vicinity of the vessel cause
marked cessation - 5th from the influence of heavy
sails checking them - 6th from attacking boats
increasing the most robust -

Dysentery arises, ^{from} either from human or
c. Black effluvia - but I think most commonly
from human - The different methods of
treating Fail Fever accompanied with great or
little morbid action caused me to be thought
wrong in my Idea of it - but as in bilious
fevers some cases require bloodletting & some are
cured by Stimuli & so the Syptoms - I wanted
as seen blud in the symp, indicated it as in any
other disease - Syptoms is produced by putrefying
Dead and the effluvia of living animals

Plague only from the excretions of moribund
sick animals - Take notice Gent^l of this



of the distinction it shows the necessity for cleanliness
in the disease. There is a medicine said to guard
against the action of the remote cause —

again. Severe from Marsh Miasmata cannot
be carried to foreign countries but from what has
been said it is evident that Typhus Fever can —

Quarantine Laws in Europe calculate only
for the prevention of these diseases produced by
human effluvia — There must be readily known from
those of Marsh miasmata by 4th Inguinal Swellings
or buboes — This Symptom does not occur even
in the worst cases of yellow Fever — That the Pla-
gue is produced by Miasmata of Human ~~excreta~~
bodies is believed now by Joseph Memo Lempriere
..... in Egypt it is supposed a disease
resembling yellow Fever has been the result of
the overflowing of the Nile which is not genuine
Plague —

The present view to the source of
disease from gaseous impregnations of the atmo-
sphere viz Phlogisticated air — the earth in
wells & cellars &c. Some cases many cases of
Death have arisen from it — You must all of



all the men were near at the mouth of some English
men who were confined in a place called the black
hole in Calcutta - a place filled with phlogisticated
air - The men were destroyed by going into the
place - The air in the room was so bad
that when the phlogisticated air in the room always goes
down - that went down to the water & from a grate a new
supply of the impure air - I am inclined to think
that the small Decays of children are owing to this

circulation of impure air in close confined
rooms - I knew a man who could not go
into an evening company & that experienced
a sort of asthma from this cause and a gentle
man in whom the gout was excited by a close
room it appeared in a pain in the acetum

Spitting is usually first perceived in men of
bilious humors its name "Pleuritis Cornitialis"

4th The air is impregnated with foreign matters
by the combustion of certain substances as charcoal
this gives it a most disagreeable quality - Sulphur
renders air in which it is burnt unwholesome by the
production of volatile bitriolic acid - This is
formed in the combustion of common coal - It

* "Linnæa sp. ^{Dr?} milteliana

It illustrates the danger very much - Dr. Ramsey
says that he was informed by Dr. Conner of Charleston
that a number of years ago - the inhabitants
burned coal and winter - but the number of botan-
ical winter that year than he had ever known
before & a storm that came so that they lost it all

5th The air is adulterated ~~from~~^{by} certain efflu-
via from Manufacturing especially such as Lead
sulphur & arsenic are used in - Some salts
of the Lead are volatilized & they impregnate it

A 6th source is the Mortar & effluvia exhaled
from certain plants - hence the Night air is
unwholesome from this discharging it at that
time - Bruce says an exhalation from the
ground exists & co-operates with this cause -

The Harmattan or as Bruce calls them the Sam-
son winds are unwholesome by passing over large
beds of bitumen which give out volatile Carbolic
acid - it is said that persons who die from respir-
ing this Samson wind putrify in a few hours
- Now we know the Carbolic acid to be antiseptic
but the cause of this putrefaction you will hear
hereafter - 8th Serocco winds - these prevail at

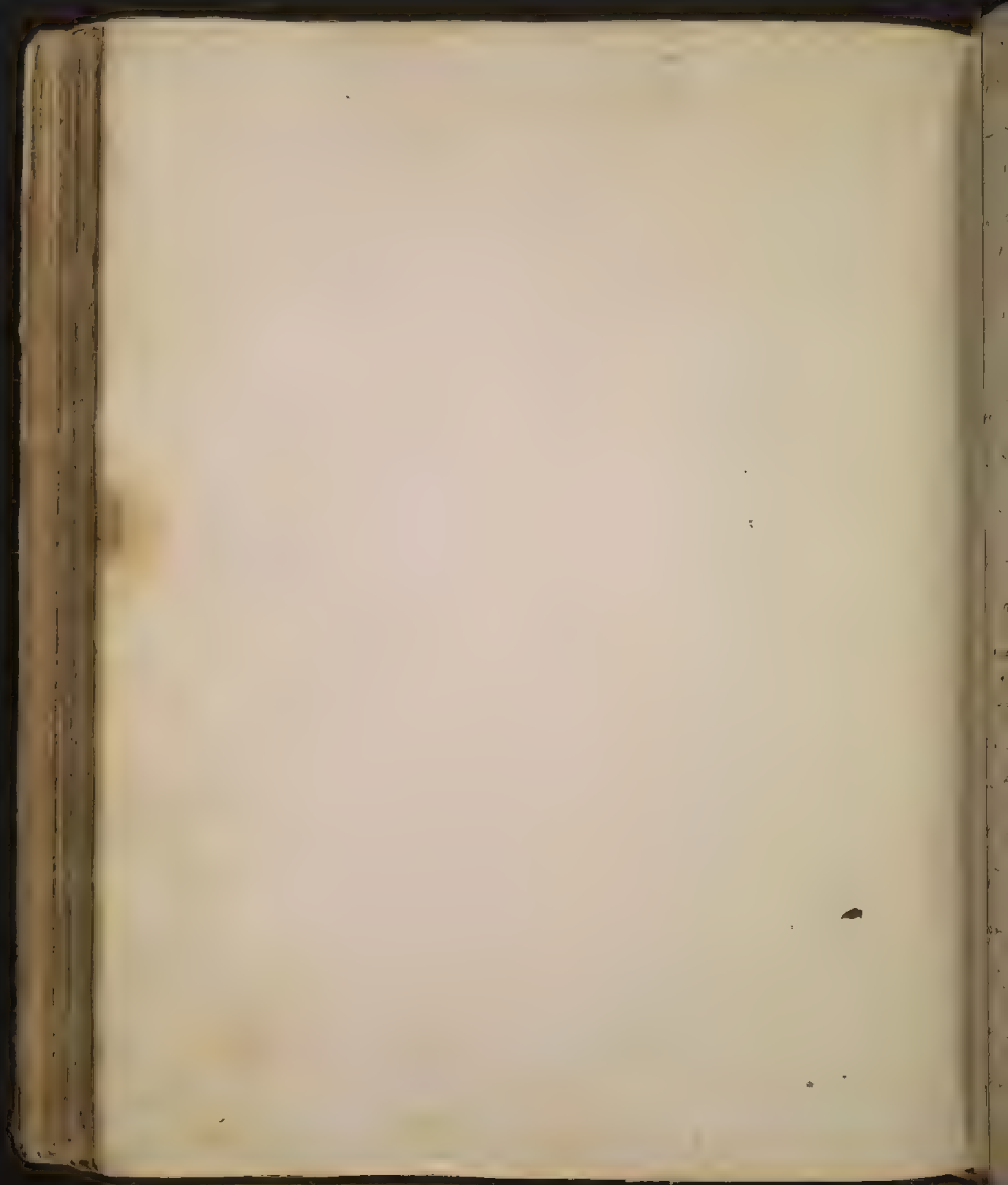
at Stalls & rapids has become their main
abode situated by rapids over large beds
of sand and flats, from which they derive their
abundance - (the importance of this locality is
de

(¹/₂ m. below rapids) is considered as
a small incursion of the lake,

section 20

(Lecture 26th)

The present with the remote causes of disease is con-
nected with the atmosphere - The first in order
is a superabundance of pure or oxygenous air
in the atmosphere - This we do not find in the
present moment of stability of the atmosphere is common
than diseases - Another cause which never
is total is mentioned by Mr Bruce and called by
him "Miasmata" which he concludes to be exhaled
from the earth in certain parts - He first two
times visited some place near a town called Senar
on the banks of the Nile - There is not collected
for this is only out of an animal's exhalation from
near the surface of the earth - What was rem-
arkable the animals that die from this cause
have no signs of disease - The place where Mr
Bruce observed it was in Latitude 13° North Long-
itude 30° East from Greenwich - It is also remarkable
he says occurring in rainy season - The Senar
The Rice & Millet are the only plants which
grow near this part of earth - and these plants
are known to thrive in Mephitic air - The



The South American plant affords much Salt but
- excavation - Mr. B. has observed this in
another place than the one just mentioned & he
observed it to produce a greening rain in his coat
when the air became death in plants - I believe it
proceeds from an excess of the salt -

It is drawn out to enquire into the effects
of Particular situations on disease - This dif-
fers according to the state of cultivation -

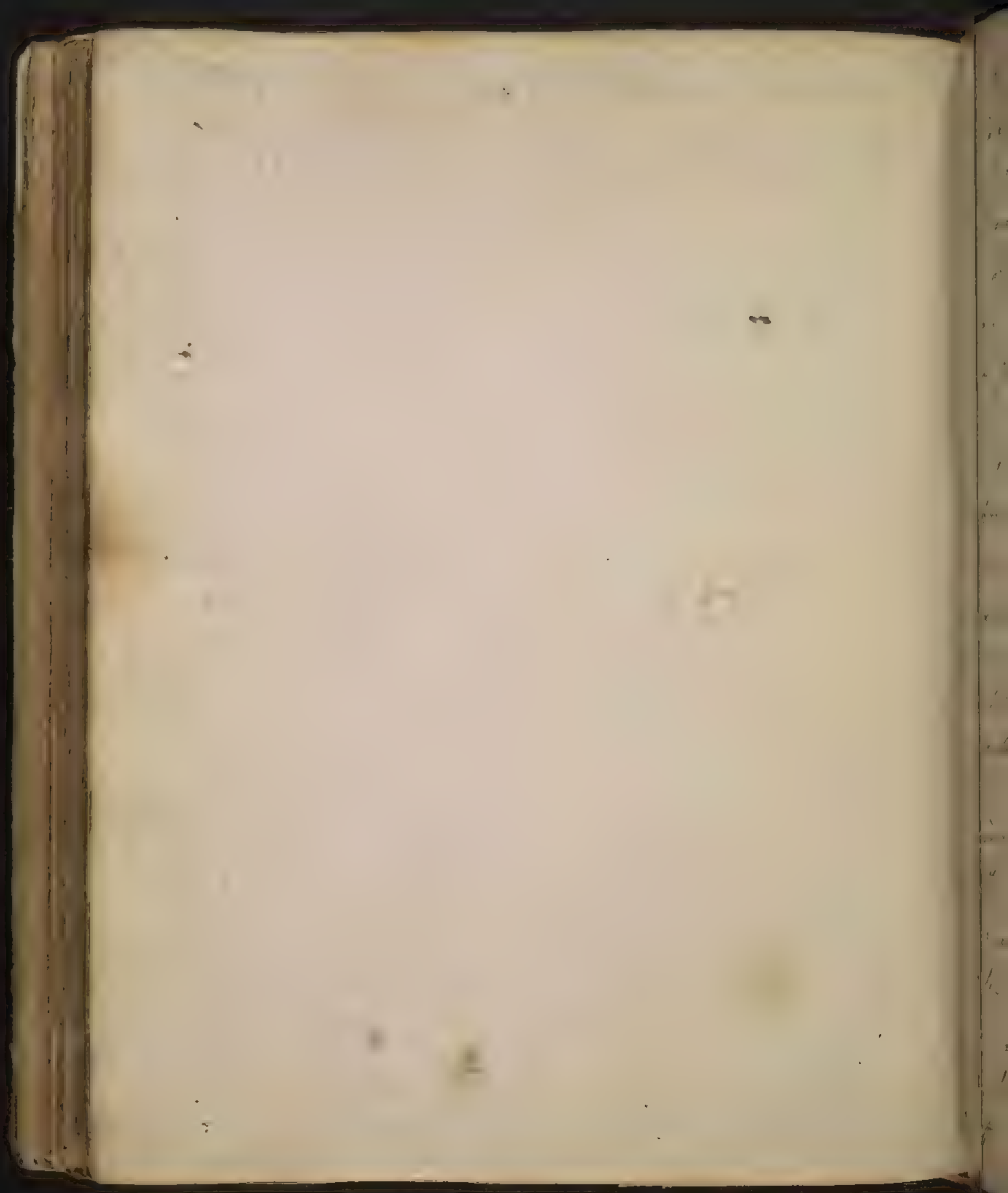
Here uncultivated countries are always heal-
thy - Death is so rare an occurrence in some
of our western frontiers that people collect in
hordes to view its effects on human animals
when it occurs - New countries are up health
because of the soil is moist and exposed to the
action of the air & light of the sun's rays
the people are healthy - Thus in Delaware the
the best act of cleaning & summer the season
for disease - as the removal of the soil affects
the rays of the sun to enter to the ground & sand
which is the reason - But to our movement &
horticulture that become healthy - Hence

health of the Northern & Middle States
in some years are very much up to - the
reason is that the cultivation did not
so on irrigation to be cleared as in
Delaware and Maryland - - Some places
in the health of Connecticut which was
was once subject to malarious fevers 60 years ago
- but dysentery is now more common in
the country owing to the rapid food prevail-
ing more than in cities - better are the
baits and poisons of the common species -
then we read in Xenophon was the first who built
a tower. His object was probably to destroy
by the battle of a tower the remorse he felt
for having murdered his brother - The air
of cities is impure from many causes from
Manufactories Docks Piers quays &c. - and the
respiration and combustion continually going

going on depends much from the purity of the
air. It is said in cities that 3 of 5 persons
die before they attain the age of 80 - near
twice as many deaths occur in cities as in
Country - Dr. Price thought no person should
go to London under 30 years of age - The
Miasmata of cities generate Typhus Malignus
consumption & bilious diseases - Dysentery
does not prevail as I observed in cities so
much as in Country - from the use made of
tea coffee wine & animal food while I
was a student at Princeton College a fast
aroused the cause the dysentery - A Dysentery was
Epidemic among the Students - but no student
from New York or Pennsylvania was
affected but it - because they had been used to
the good they got at college - where as the
others had been used to live on bread & milk
and the change of diet brought on Dysentery

The quality of soil has an influence on the
air if it be sandy the air is much better - Inflamm-
ations of the eyes are common on sandy soils
4thly Situation has much influence -

the situation



Mountains are much more healthy than these
low countries. Hence we find there are fewer deaths
and more old people in the the mountains of Switzerland
than many other parts of the world - Perhaps one
reason for this may be that mountainous countries
are covered usually with ever greens - there are
2 exceptions to this rule Calcutta & St Domingo
where the elevations of hills are healthiest accord-
ing to Dr. & Lelain - This must be accounted
for by the great heat of these countries causing the
greater ascension of the Miasmata which are attracted
and condensed at the top of the mount-
ains - The same thing occurs according to
Dr. Lelain on Sinyria - Mountains to towns
cities or villages or to marshy grounds in the
lowlands there is tedious vomiting & intermittent
fevers - For there to be produced in
this manner it is necessary for wind to blow
over the ground - How far can these Miasmata
be carried - It has been said 50 miles

Barbours Sept 20 I have known a case
where it was constantly carried 10 miles on
the bank of the Surquehannah - From the

Since the 18th century in a very great degree
roads of course should be left between Morby
ground & dwelling houses in the country -
the exhalation from rivers is only from the
banks not from the middle of the rivers -
the famous break bone Fever of 1780 exten-
ded no further than Market Street and a few
houses from the Exchange - Mill ponds are
a fruitful source of disease in the country -
an old gentleman informs me that he never
knew an instance of yellow fever till within
these 25 years since when Mills have been
erected there - he mentions two around Mill
ponds here that must be prevented - 1st

6th Proximity to Deserts has a great influence on
health - The Sirocco winds for instance are
nothing more than pure air heated and dried
by passing over sand near Aleppo - Mr. Bird
once speaks of this coming to Naples -
6th Proximity to rivers & lakes & the influence
on the air of a town - The temperature
of the air of Italy has been much warmer
since the destruction of the woods & the culti-
vation of Hungary Germany & other German-
ic countries - The change thus effected is
merely in the sensible qualities of the air - The
coldness of this climate will be much relieved
probably when the woods near the lakes and
on our western frontier are restored & the
ground cultivated - The air of the Po
shore has some peculiar properties & it
is said to be a disease asthma Pulmonary Consump-
tion & Rheumatism and probably to all others
- There seems in many other cases to be a collec-
tion or mixture of air - as in Military Hospitals
In these white stables I saw that the smell
was abominable & I have never liked - & yet

I never found a young man inside of the Pent
Medial 2 or 3 years before he became ill.
a constant consumption -

Some Bellas in health - including the clari
ing. Some he star - names become unrecognizable
- A small class of the same - 5th in
relation. Some are very much affected
the whole time -
a sort of the same. A student of the
the second to the end of the evening. 3rd in
the morning. 4th in the cell - Some rooms are
at my school in the morning. A window or door
then small rooms

and yet when I come out into the open air
I have vomited - in what does the morbidness
of the sea shore depend? Its moisture has
been said to cause it - but I think it depends
on the saline particles - Why then does it
not occur at sea? May not this be counter-
acted by the motion of the ship at sea impart-
ing vigor to the constitution which enables it
to resist the action of these saline particles

In diseases of moderate Morbid action - this
air is medical - perhaps the air may be too
pure here - Hence it is said that consumptions
are more quickly cured at Madeira than any other
place - Several other ^{Local} ~~local~~ circumstances
affect the air - Those who reside in cellars are
uniformly unhealthy - are generally of a pale
color Consumption & Rheumatism affect them -
houses newly plastered are miasmatic - perhaps
from the moisture - houses surrounded with trees
are unhealthy by confining the exhalations near
the houses - Some situations are unhealthy &
we know not from what cause - Thus I knew
2 cases of malignant fever in a small court

waient called Zacharias Court where no local
circumstances appear to account for the fact -
again & observed in 3^d Street between Market &
Arch Street - ~~Some~~ years ago 10. or 12 Deaths
occurred on the west side and only 2 on the East
side of the Street in the course of 9 years -
- this might have arisen from a current of in-
fectd air trapping against the west side of the
Street only - or perhaps it might have been owing
to a specific contagion - The influence of
Seasons have already been spoken of - I know
in February & March produced from the ref-
lection of the rays of the sun sore eyes etc
were almost epidemical - A great Pleading from
- Lancaster to this City had his face blistered
& eyes much inflamed from this cause -
The

The presence of Light has an influence on diseases
I have mentioned some persons who cannot
sleep without a light in their rooms - Exacerbi-
ations of fevers are some times owing to this
cause - I have taken some pains to discover
whether the Thunder & Lightning have any influence
on the atmosphere wh affects health independ-
ently of the change they produce by the alter-
ation of the course of Winds - I have only been
able to find one fact wh renders it probable
& that was the case of a lady at sea who was
able to tell whenever a storm was coming on &
when it was about to come from a headache
caused by the Electric fluid in the air -
Earthquakes & [Aurorae] Boreales have no
other influence on the System than what
they produce thro' the medium of the Persons

In Barbadoes & Lane Pains they chase away
all acute & Chronic diseases of the Island -

The report of explosion of Cannon & other
loud noises in some cases produce deafness - 2
cases of this kind during the Revolutionary
war

nor
a Slight fever is produced at first onset of
a battle from this cause - Dr. Cullen mentions
a case of Epilepsy produced by the noise of a
battle put in the street - This appears at the
Battle of Marston tho the weather was very
cold yet a burning sensation from this cause
in their ears and a warmth all over - I shall
here make a few observations on the effects of
Situation on Humans - Persons who emigrate
from one country to another - more especially
a hot to a cold climate are disposed to fever
- Some times they are seized the first but most fre-
quently by the second year - This is called Season
ing

ing: 2^{ndly} Persons who move from a Sucky to a healthy
Neighborhood around circumstances where their own house
escaped for the most remote from the Morsby situ-
ation - here the change of air acts on the excit-
ing cause - it is a new stimulus to which the system
is not accustomed - 3^{rdly} People remaining
from a Sucky Situation frequently die from
the effects of the stimulus of the Morsby air. The
system becomes a healthy stimulus. I have tried in a
few cases to remove the stimulus from the
neighbourhood of Morsby - 4th Persons after
long sea voyages become subject to Catarrhs
by a mixture of Land & Sea air - A Sea Capt
with whom I sailed in 1766 could tell his appo-
ach to land by his sneezing

5th

6th Change of air influencing disease is change
of climate is change of climate disposing to the
diseases of the New Situation -

The influence of the Moon on disease I must
not neglect to mention here - The influence of
the Moon acts in all animate & inanimate
Nature - on Water - Vegetables - Oysters

nearly the latest link in the chain of ^{living} ani-
mals - It operates disposing the latter to obey
their mothers its influence on disease is
noted by Dr. Dalfour at Bengal he
observes that more deaths occur 3 days before
& 3 days after the full & change of the moon
than during the same time in other parts
of the month - He has written a very learned
and ingenious Treatise on this Subject well worth
your perusal - Diembrock long ago made a
similar observation - Dr. Johnson made the
same observations at Jamaica - also

also Jackson & ... A 2nd Influence of
the Moon is particularly in Eclipsing - 3^d in
Mania. hence Madmen are called Lunatics
4th in Women - 5 In Hydrocephalus internus &c
In Hemoptises or Spitting of Blood - 7th its effects
in fevers & Crises &c is very remarkable -
8th Haller relates a case on the authority of Benedi-
tus Sydenham which the moon had a very particular
influence on a Patient with calculus in the bladder.
9th Willphatic Says the Moon has an influence on
the number of births - 10th is in the full of the moon
Eclipses of the Sun & Moon have some influence
on the body - Lord Bacon fainted at the Eclipse of
the Moon. Dora is said to die at the moment of
an Eclipse of the Sun - Dr. Granquier mentions
that 20 Soldiers in his army at the Netherlands
were seized with the apoplexy at an Eclipse of the
Moon 1746 -

We come next to treat of Specific con-
tagious - These I have taken pains to find out
Books that are written on them make them out
to be much more Numerous than they really are
The original Specific contagious diseases
are

an. The Small Pox *Gymnura scarlatina*
& *italiana* - The *varicella*, *chicken*
Pox - & *influenza* - The Small Pox - 11
not known before the eruption on the skin but
a headache pain in the back weakness & loss
of the stomach - the tongue & throat as
well as the skin are spotted with small Pox - hence
the name & elevation & attends the Small
Pox - The time in which the eruption appears
after the contagion has been in the system is
generally from 14 to 20 days generally the former
on the mode of inoculation I refer to the 2^d vol
of *age & above* - — *Gymnura scarlatina*

Scarlatina & Maligna & Angina - These have
been supposed to consist of different specific conta-
gions - but I think they are all a modifi-
cation of one - for an account of this I refer
to Cullen & Johnsons Treatise on Sore Throat

This disease is accompanied with more or less
morbid action - of course require different
treatment - It probably depends on the in-
ferrible qualities of the air -

... from 2 facts rel-
ative to this disease - 1st it is the most universal
contagious disease - it affects not only a city
or a country but in some cases the whole
Globe - 2nd it is less altered by climate than
any other contagious disease - if you read
the account of this disease in Jamaica and then
in Zurich you will think them copied from
each other

III The Chicken Pox is the most mild
of the contagious diseases - I have never known
a case of it prove mortal

IV The Meazles this disease has a specific
action on the skin & Lungs it is more mortal

Worlat than the small pox & do not suppose this
to be the specific offspring of a hot regimen -
V The whooping Cough -

VI. Influenza. - it is the internal system & lungs
this disease I do not believe is changed by
winter or the sensible qualities of the air -
because we find it the same in all changes
of the weather - I have seen it epidemic in
this city 5 times & in never once changed
by dryness - moisture cold or heat - 2^d -
it affects Neighbouring towns & countries in
succession - 3^d it has evident marks of
being contagious in every country where it
is highly infectious and often requires bleeding

The Small Pox is ^{of a} more inflammatory nature in Winter than in Summer. when it is accompanied by tedious symptoms - The Parvriolation applies to the measles - Dr Watson says the Measles has sometimes been malignant - The Scarlatina ~~exanthematica~~ angina is more affected by the drier qualities of the air than any other contagious disease

I shall conclude this lecture with the following observations on epidemics - 2nd no 2. contagious diseases can act at the same time on the blood vessels - The Small Pox & Measles & the scarlatina never exist at the same time - Mary queen of Scots is said to have died of the Small Pox & Measles at the same time - This I do not believe. but not the blunder & each some what changed by the combination. It is as soon as a horse can trot ^{and sure} at once - Hence we hear of reigning epidemics - one Superior in force assumes the sovereignty and all diseases wear its livery - Thus fevers in the Autumn of 1783 were all marked with symptoms of Scarlatina - The less mistake of the symptoms of the Small Pox according

according to Sydenham - This man resembles a
fever attended with the symptoms of the Small Pox
as I have described - up to the throat &c -

I must now put to rest your solicitation to
this point it was brought me first by Mr. Sydenham
and has been of more use to me than any one
fact I know of in Medicine -

Lamorgani tells us that the Barnstorf Prin-
cipal Physician at Massena informed him of a
cancer Fever which prevailed in the army that
prevalled there an effect on the soldiers recovered
made him believe the venereal poisoned until
he heard that the same fact occurred also
in the enemies camp - (Lefebvre in Min-
orca says that Broderick less first on the type
of Bilious Fevers during the prevalence of the
feverish Diseases - [The Mazarin which prevail
now in our City partake of the Nature of our
autumnal Bilious Fevers hence I explain the
affections of the Stomach accompanying them
Sept. 18th 1801 -] and all the

and all the diseases of 1793 partook of the nature
of Yellow Fever - Many a "Marsala" I might
now will be explicable by a knowledge of this fact
which would otherwise be at a loss to explain.

It is not to be of as much use to you as it has
been to me, you would be compensated for your trouble
if I were not to mention another in the course of
my Lectures - For ignorance of it has been a great
cause of quarrels among Physicians - Sydenham
mentions that in 1670 that intermittent were

Scudum & every other disease wore its its livery
even the Small pox its eruptions & exacerbations

In 1671 & 1672 The Small Pox Rigned in London,
and even the disease disappeared for a

while or else assumed the Symptoms of Small Pox

to that you see Scudum is not only gone when
diseases to but on their turn but chase them from
their houses - Scudum differs in degree from

their relation come in the beginning & end of
their reign - Thus the Small Pox is more

harmful than the Measles - when the Small
Pox rages the Measles disappear - but in the
close of the reign of the Small Pox the

measles



measles become more active and assume the hor-
rour of the epidemic & the more so
after the year 1744 & 5 the Plague has no
real in - owner - the Measles in this city in
1789 has all other Diseases - the Measles often
throw away the influenza -

5th Transitions do not act on every person
at some times & at others they are highly excited when
they suppose themselves in danger - they keep
them from the impression of exciting causes - at
some times more than at others - 1st they are in
their attacks into some & become the more
compare to representations of different things some
in a heroic work & in others the impression is so weak
that it may be compared to a picture done in Water
color - 2nd Epidemics affect individuals of one
sex more than another - 3rd Testimonials
& Frenchmen created the yellow fever which prevailed
here - Fever were exempted from the Epidemics of
Germany likewise the Indians - the Epidemic
prevailed in France among Englishmen only - &
hence the term "Sceler ~~Anglicanus~~ Anglicanus"
5th



8th Epidemics affect persons of one color only.
Thus at Martha Vineyard an Epidemic prevailed amo-
ng the white who did not affect the Indians - &
another wh did not affect the white Inhabitants
The latter was a bilious Fever - according to Ramsay
the Negroes of South Carolina are generally
exempted from the Epidemics of the white & vice
versa - 9th Epidemics affect persons of one age
only - occurring in children & not in adults - &
in adults diseases from wh children are exempt
hence we may readily conceive that in the time
of Moses an Epidemic raged wh carried off only
the first born of the Egyptians - Similar facts
occur in more modern times - 9th Epidemics are
confined to one sex only - Thus in the year 1795
an Epidemic prevailed at Derby in Connecticut wh
affected children of the female sex only - In Spain
an Epidemic prevailed wh carried off 60 000 Women
and scarce one Man 11th Epidemics affect
persons of a certain rank in society only - In
1556 an Epidemic wh was confined to the rich appeared
in Holland & Leuwen has ordered the Poor to be the
first objects of the ravages of the plague 12th

* The prisoners & students of the College of
Altoft were exclusively affected by a Dysentery &
prevalent among them —

** 18th of June we influenced by the same disease
they are more abundant during a Sick Season than
in common years and there frequent appearance of new
insects — !!!

We all know that wet or Rainy Seasons have not
produced of Insects by a Natural cause — & Dr. Rush
says that neither seasons produce disease — now does
the Epidemic produce the Insects? R. G. —

X (Now in the account of the Plague of Egypt
relates the appearance of blue insects like as in
company the black blains & Humors in the
wattle on Egypt — hence we see that Scarcity
& Plagues are not opposed to each other

+ The are as numerous in their appearance as rain-
fall &c —

12 - Epidemics often seasons of a certain Proportion -
only* 13. Epidemics often to Insalubrious weather -
is not exclusive at least very often with ancient
this Peculiar predisposition - indeed Families differ in
no respect Some more liable than others -

15th Epidemics are confined to the human species
and 16th They some times affect other animals jointly
with man as Cattle dogs &c - but seldom all animals
generally particular species being more liable than others
Gentle Ship Dogs & Cats seem Subject to Bilious
Fever also 17th Fish in some cases - 18th even
Insects are affected by them** Many people have been
deceived the approach of a Sickly Season from observing
the increased number of Mosquitoes - &c It is remark-
able however that this is an exception to his remark
for they very often die during an Epidemic
Insects & Insects frequently accompany the Plague in
in Egypt Lempiere has observed much accom-
panying Murrain & Plague in Africa - as Scurvy
have relation to each other so have epidemics
with certain other rare events - 20th more
Birds die ear during the prevalence of an
Epidemic

19th of Trees & the fruits of the Earth are affected by
Epidemics - the former die - the latter are Small
Knobs & not much sooner than common Seasons
& a. before or after according to the prevalence
of an epidemic winds are observed to come from
one usual quarter accompanied with rain
or a fair - at 120 rainy seasons it
have accounts of 91 of them near Sicking -

799 The birds in Luzon country are numerous in
season the seeds - the trees dropped their leaves
and were covering the ^{yellow} ground in rice - the rice
will cover the ground the ground is green

The common disease of the rice is a kind of
rot which is not so bad with common
rice as it is with the rice which is measured over the
rice - the rice is

Epidemic and those that are confined die in their
cases - a remarkable fact of this kind happened at
Luzerne during the last year ¹⁷⁹⁹ while they were visited
by a genuine yellow fever few birds were visible
2^d The Seasons accompanying Epidemics are gene-
rally very hot or very cold or tempestuous

3^d The appearances of Delirium & Coma have probably
some connection with the recurrence of Epidemics
as Rabies & the quakers. Eruptions of Volcanos & hurricanes &c.
since it has been supposed that putrid matter exhaled from the
earth & great & mortal Epidemics influence diseases like those of
Scurvy - In 1664 a bilious Remittent Fever prevailed in
London. In 1792 Mischances were so inflamma-

- tory that bleeding to some extent was requisite for their cure
In the Epidemic of 1793 in the United States diseases
have required a copious bleeding & Refuse to yield to the Dock

December 18th observes that abortions during the Plague are
unusually frequent - and they appear some times be-
wary of it - Birds fly to different countries as if to
avoid it - The air during the prevalence of Epidemics
is unusually calm - In the Plague which appeared in London
1665 and during the yellow Fever in 93 at Philadelphia birds posted
for breath & were nearly through the air - Dr. Bagin

[illegible]

in the latter it is common among
the natives of the interior of the
continent as well as the coast where
the health is better than usual - Bacteriae
in the blood is disposition to heat in the
liver - common in the interior of the
continent & in the interior of the
continent is so great as to be fatal as it was
the action of the liver - which is an epidemic
of 93 it was found sufficient to be the cause
of the disease was also common in the -

2^d Epidemics originate in all the cities -
after they are common they are propagated by con-
taction - as the Small Pox - but it does not exist
in all the cities as it is the remote
cause of the disease - but it is as it is carried to
a great distance and is propagated by contact
as in the case -

Bacteriae in the blood is common in the interior of the
continent as well as the coast where
the health is better than usual - Bacteriae
in the blood is disposition to heat in the
liver - common in the interior of the
continent & in the interior of the
continent is so great as to be fatal as it was
the action of the liver - which is an epidemic
of 93 it was found sufficient to be the cause
of the disease was also common in the -

now must watch Epidemics with a keen eye,
a microscope over your nose & mouth
even. seek it every day - for the
disease with all its care he acknowledges he lost
some patients on the appearance of some new
Epidemic

Sum and Total 12



Lecture 4th Dec 11th 1898

After commencing his lecture, with
occasional questions to some of his pupils -

He now asks that the Arteries are closed?

What manner is it seen with the bones split the
head in its direction forward?

Can you tell me for what is the reason that
there are so many superficial veins & super-
ficial Lymphatics? -

* I've to be observed that in a recent dissection of
the ~~veins~~ that he observed the arteries & veins can
parallel with each other till they become very small
when the vein joined in distance with the artery
& a thin ~~artery~~ of vessel was formed which is the ex-
cretory vessel - this he thinks to be a more contin-
-uation of the artery

What do you mean Sir, by a Gland? &
What is their structure -

What is your reason for supposing that the
Glands are vascular? &

These must be well understood some remarks on
Structure & Use of the two common kinds of the Glands



Lecture 5th

What do you mean by an Epiphysis?

Does an Epiphysis refer to an Epiphysis?

What do you mean by the term a bone?

are angiotensin to take action in the system -
- it is one of the most important and accessible
- and it is also very important as the primary
- source of the...



What is meant by the term Enarthrosis?

What is meant by *gingivitis*?

What is meant by the term *Gonorrhea*?

What is a *sinus*?



What do you understand by Symplicosis?

What do you mean by Pancerosis?

are bones, with a new formation, are most apt to change its figure and anomalous it refers to the shape of the soft parts. Instances of this may be seen in cases of the human brain, as the depressions made in the internal plate of the cranium by the convulsions of the hard brain does not unite

The blood vessels, nerves & glands, are in the same
position in the cranium as well as brain bones - and in
the same position in the rest of the same system. It is more
commonly known, as in the case -

There were a child in this city who had a remarkable
enlarged forehead, which was removed by removing a
cure of about 2 inches filled with sand and in about
2 years was restored to a perfect natural shape -

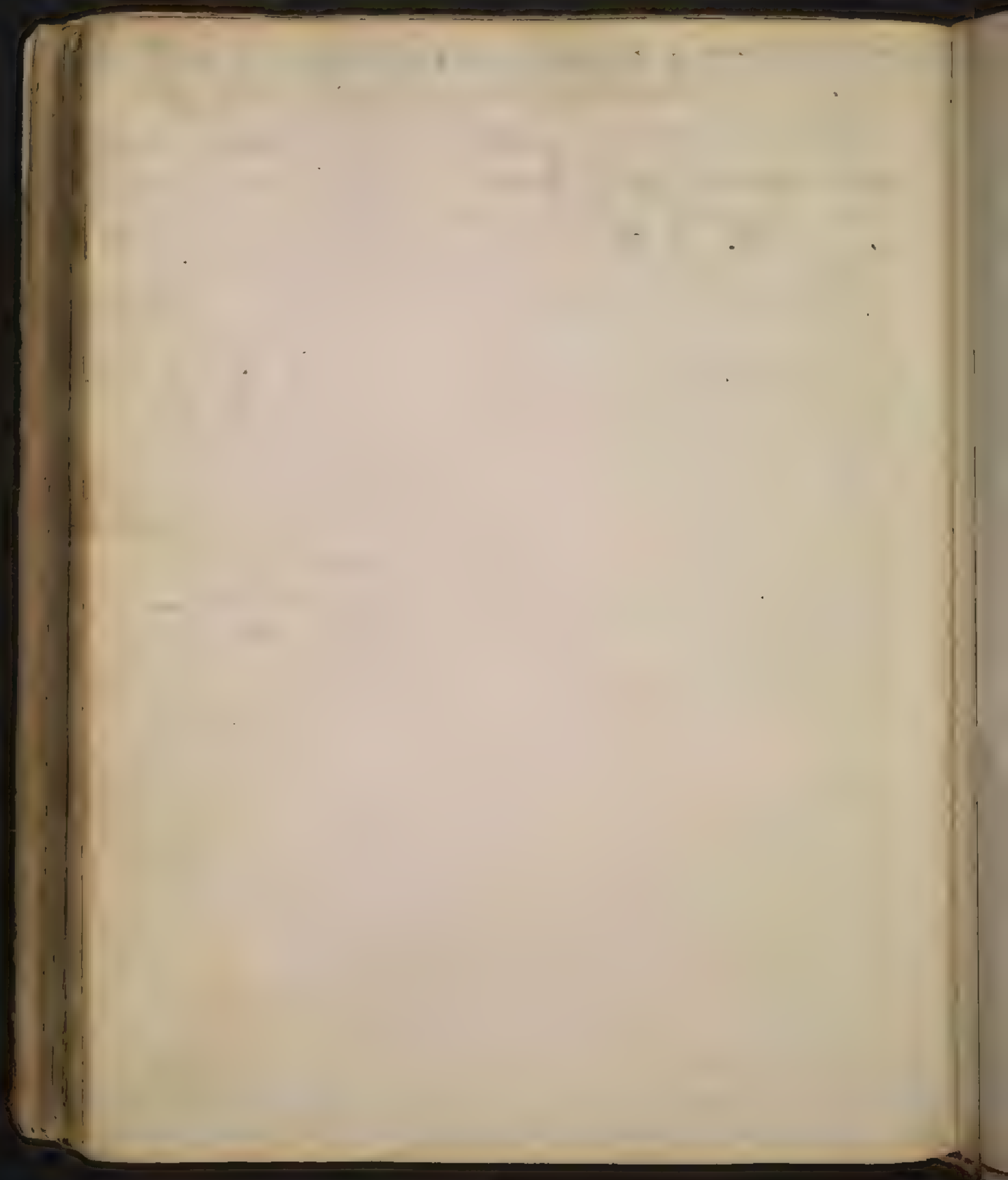
I come next gentlemen, to that a part of Lectures which will
be more agreeable, which is to consider the particular
parts of osteology - and 1st we shall consider the Head
& wish you to go to the particular as to the osteology
of the Cranium as some of the most important opera-
tions in Surgery are performed in the Head. Fractures of
the Cranium are very common and it is important that
the Surgeon is well acquainted with the parts that he
may be able to judge the extent of the fracture, and
there are very important blood vessels & Nerves which
pass from the it which are best learned by a particular
attention to the osteology of the Cranium -

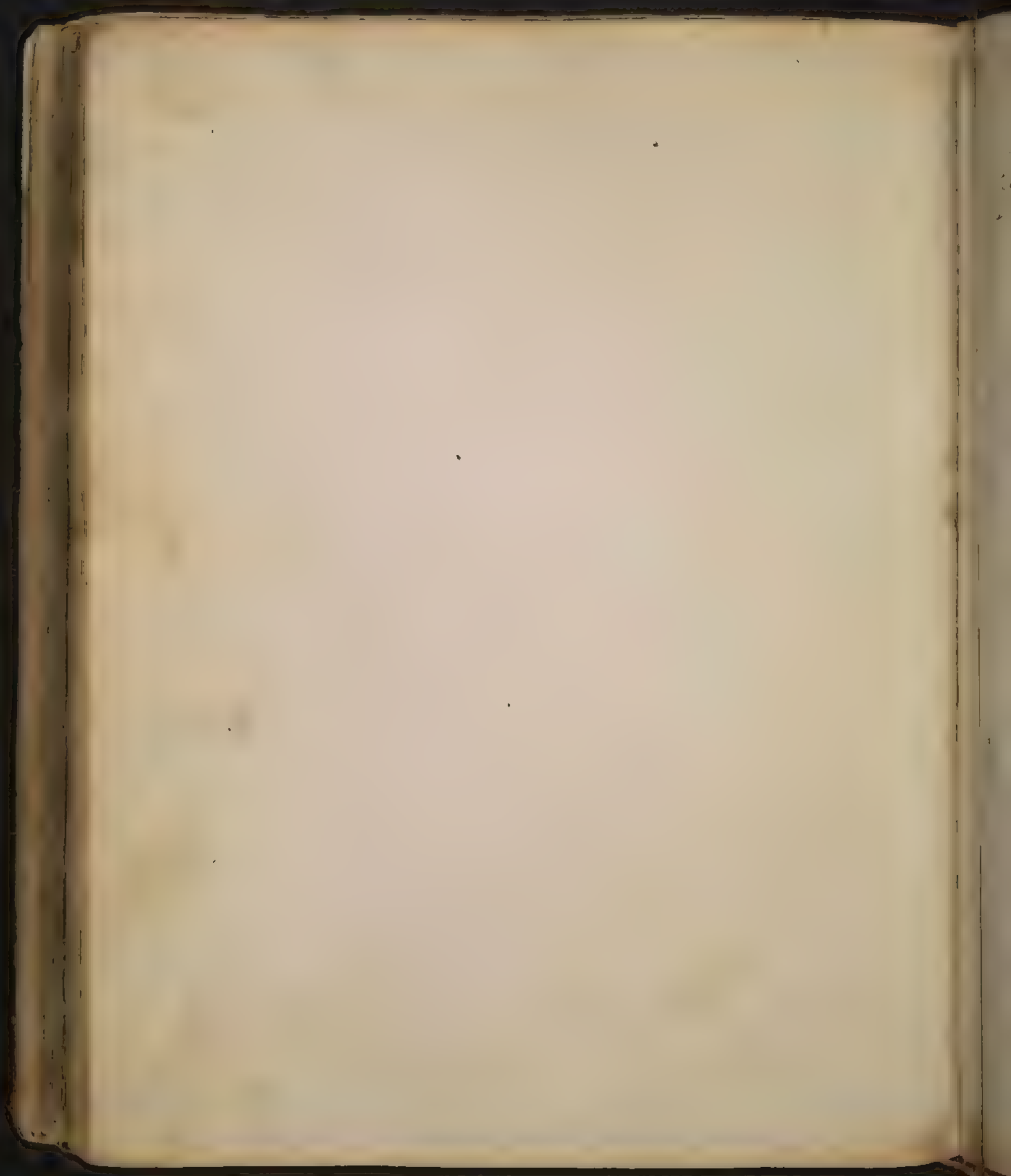
Dr. Wistar next observed the difference in the shape
of different skulls as that of the African differing from
the European etc. Some of these differences are owing
to artificial causes for instance the Turks wear a Turb-
an round their heads which makes their heads much
rounder than the Europeans -

He next observed that the Cranium was divided
into eight bones 6 proper & 2 common to the Cranium
& face - He then demonstrated the Sutures - obser-
ving that there were vessels passing from the internal

internal parts of the cranium to the teguments of the head more particularly through the sutures wh he wishes his pupils to remember as they are very important in relieving affections of the brain - "I once knew a man who was affected with a sense of tightness in the head & much that in the morning as to produce a complete vertigo when he awoke and rose from his bed he was entirely insensible of the place where he was when in his own bed chamber - he was bled largely - & had repeated cathartics & traveled on foot 40 miles in a day to open perspiration and equalize the circulation all without relief of his complaint. he came to town & I applied cupping to the cranium and he was relieved by the first application and he has always since been relieved in the same way when he felt an approach of the same complaint" -

Dr W. says he cannot account for this connection but such is the fact





[illegible]

2

From the hills near Small and Glade
along the shore of the lake and
up the hills 2 or 3 times each day with
a small boat - & in the
evening I visited the mountains
in the distance of the lake by the
road - The scenery -
from a low hill -
What is some of the surrounding
state of things here will be
seen.

1. The first part of the paper is
the introduction. It is written
in a very simple and plain
style. It is written in a very
simple and plain style. It is
written in a very simple and
plain style. It is written in a
very simple and plain style.

2. The second part of the paper
is the body. It is written in a
very simple and plain style. It
is written in a very simple and
plain style. It is written in a
very simple and plain style. It
is written in a very simple and
plain style. It is written in a
very simple and plain style.

3. The third part of the paper
is the conclusion. It is written
in a very simple and plain style.
It is written in a very simple
and plain style. It is written
in a very simple and plain style.
It is written in a very simple
and plain style. It is written
in a very simple and plain style.

Strombosium & Lactucarium
 combined peculiarly useful in when
 the pains are wandering combined with
 dumbago —

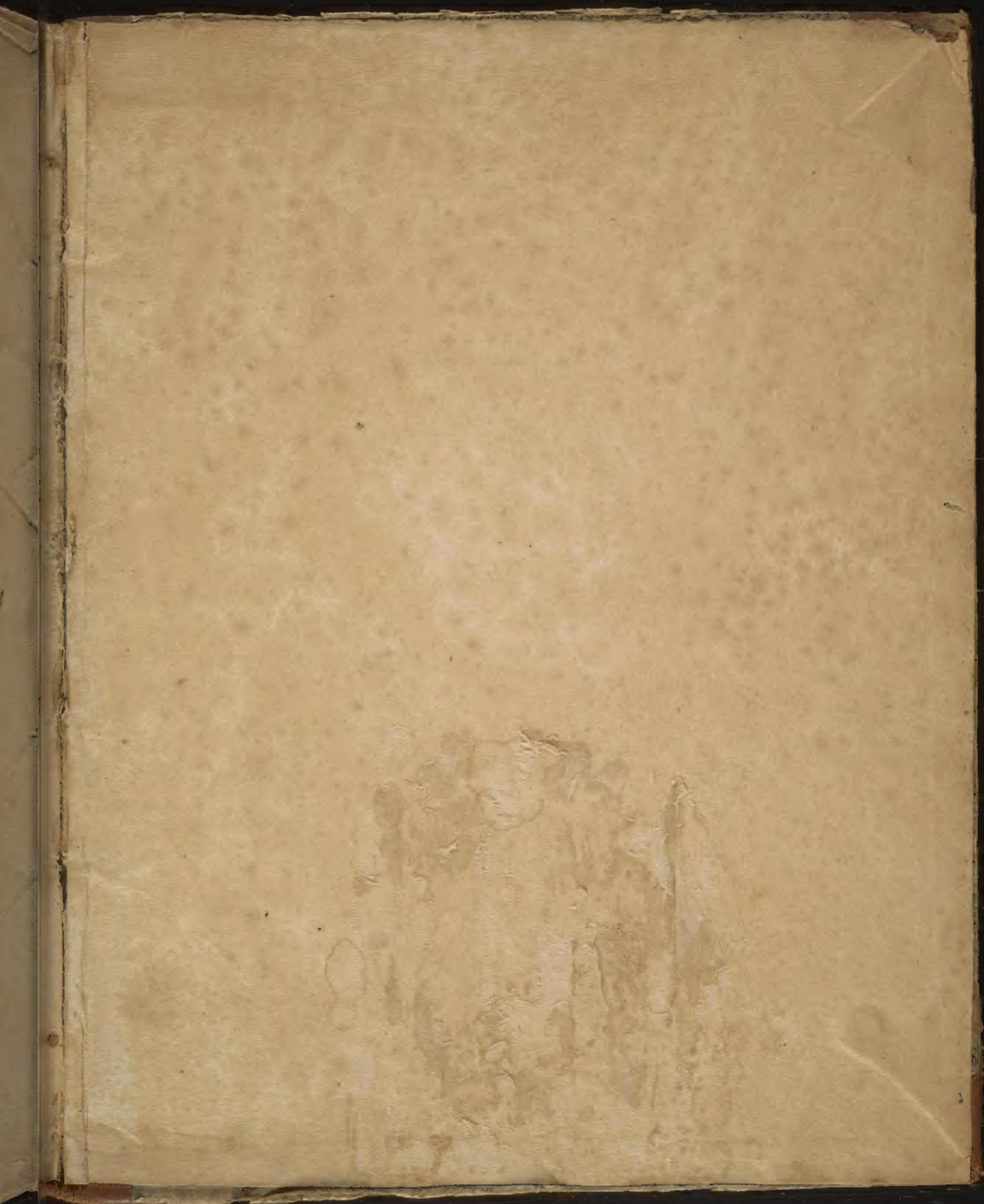
page 313. —

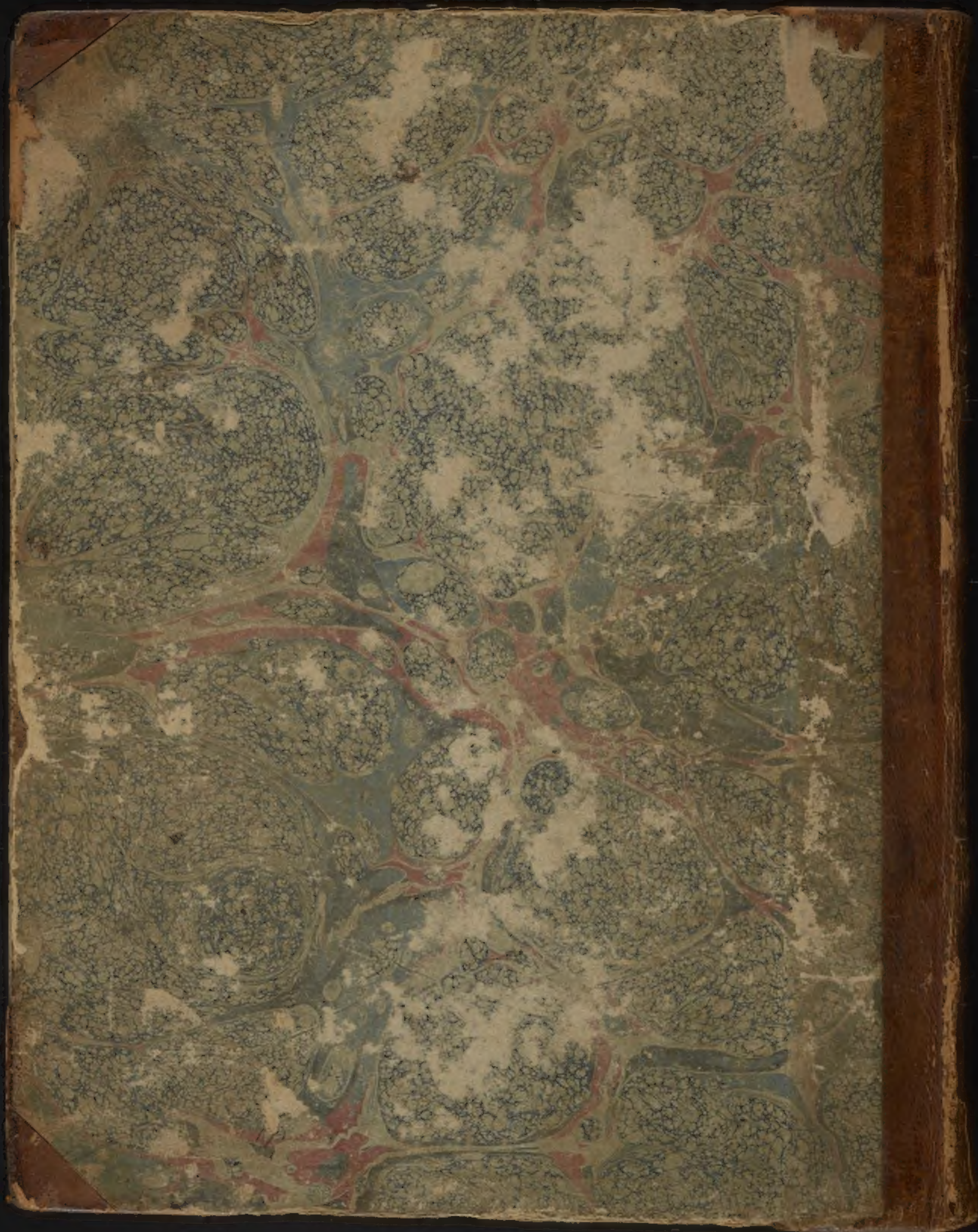
Estimate has been made by weighing
 in large quantity of stone and with
 sufficient every day to produce sweating
 the sudoriferous in heat & observation —

form the whole into a liniment - and
 Oint the exact part 2 or 3 times a day —

Oil of Turpentine ... 3ij
 ... 3ij
 The Liniment ... 3ij

Remedies for Rheumatism
 Rheumatism





RUSH'S

LECTURES

2